

The Paducah Evening Sun.

VOL. XXIII NO. 144

PADUCAH, KY., TUESDAY EVENING, JUNE 16, 1908

TEN CENTS PER WEEK

ASST. MANAGER AND ASSOCIATION GRADERS HERE

Will Re-Grade Certain Types
of Holdings in Western
District.

300 Hogsheads Sold Yesterday
to O'Brien & Co.

ORGANIZERS ARE AT WORK

Assistant General Manager W. E. Frazier, of the Dark Tobacco Growers' association, is in the city today on business connected with the association. Mr. Frazier is next to Mr. Felix Ewing, the most important official in the association, and is making a general inspection trip in western Kentucky. He was in conference with Mr. A. N. Vent, at the local salesroom this morning. His home is in Guthrie.

Mr. John S. Allen, of Guthrie, one of the leading orators for the association, spent last night in the city and left this morning for Louisville. J. T. Myers, of Mayfield, R. E. Glover, of Springfield, Tenn., and Joe Hill, of Paducah, the three chief organizers for the association, were here yesterday and went down to Murray to regrade the tobacco there this morning. They will return at 12:30 o'clock this afternoon to regrade some of the holdings here.

Sales at the local salesroom yesterday were 300 hogsheads and sales are being held today. Mr. R. J. Whelan, of Louisville, of R. J. O'Brien & Company, bought for the French government yesterday and today. It is said that this firm is finishing their purchasing for this season.

One Borel Entitled.
Captain W. L. Reed arrived from Evansville this morning and accepted one man entitled by Sergeant Blake, Marion Lewis, of Louisville, entitled but will be held on probation here for a week. Captain Reed accepted eight men at Cairo yesterday.

Deaf Infant.
James Halbert Houten, seven months old, died Monday afternoon at the home of Mr. and Mrs. H. D. Houten, 1209 Trumble street, from brain fever. Funeral services will be held this afternoon at the home, led by the Rev. J. H. Clark, of the North Twelfth Street Baptist church, with burial in Oak Grove cemetery.

HAGGINS TO SELL HIS HORSES.

Will Turn Attention to Breeding Cattle at Elmendorf Farm.

Lexington, Ky., June 16.—James H. Haggins has announced his intention of selling all his horses at his Elmendorf farm here and turning his attention to breeding of fine cattle, a nucleus of the plant having already been started. His decision was caused by the passage of the anti-betting law in New York, which Haggins says ruins prices of horses. Haggins has in his farm here 600 stallions and mares worth \$1,000,000. Watercourses being his greatest horse, he having paid \$70,000 for him two years ago. He has several mares worth from \$10,000 to \$15,000. Pearl V is worth \$20,000.

CHEMIST BLOWN UP BY VAPOR.

Woman Physicians Probably Fatally Hurt in St. Louis by Explosion.

St. Louis, Mo., June 16.—While Albert A. Pickett, a St. Louis manufacturer, and Miss Myra A. Mathews, a practicing physician of St. Louis, were experimenting with chemicals in a laboratory at 1006 St. Ange avenue, vapor from the mixture filled the room and exploded, blowing Pickett and Mathews, probably fatally, burning Pickett and blowing the front out of the building, which caught fire.

Pickett, who had seen that the explosion was inevitable, was hurrying toward the door with the woman when it occurred. After the shock, which rendered the woman unconscious, he carried her to the pavement, where bystanders extinguished her burning dress.

Pickett ran down the street, his clothes blazing, screaming, "Save me, save me." He was stopped in front of a physician's office and the flames healed out.

Chicago Market.

July	High	Low	Close
Wheat	89 1/4	87 3/4	88 1/2
Corn	67 1/2	66 1/4	67 1/2
Oats	44 1/4	43 1/4	44 1/2
Provisions	14.20	14.15	14.20
Lard	8.77 1/2	8.72 1/2	8.75
Ribs	7.82 1/2	7.77 1/2	7.82 1/2

Possibility of Stampede to Roosevelt and Uncertainty of Vice-Presidency Keeps Delegates on Keen Edge

Republican Convention Convened at Noon—Burrows Speech Keynote.

FIRST DAY OF CONVENTION.

12 Noon—Chairman New calls for order.
12:10 P. M.—Hishon Muldoon offers the invocation.
12:20 P. M.—F. W. Upham presents gavel to Chairman New.
12:25 P. M.—Secretary Dover reads the official call.
12:30 P. M.—Senator J. C. Burrows presented as temporary chairman.
12:35 P. M.—Chairman Burrows begins address.
1:15 P. M.—Chairman Burrows presented with gavel.
1:55 P. M.—Temporary officers elected.
2:15 P. M.—Selection of committee on permanent organization.
2:45 P. M.—Selection of committee on rules and order of business.
3:00 P. M.—Selection of committee on credentials.
4:15 P. M.—Selection of committee on resolutions.
4:30 P. M.—Miscellaneous business.
1:00 P. M.—Adjournment.

Chicago, Ill., June 16, 2:30 p. m.—When the convention really got down to business every indication was that Roosevelt doubtless completely. It is expected that the program will go through without a hitch. Danger of any stampede to the president is considered over.

Chicago, June 16.—(Bulletin.)—Congressman Burke, of Pennsylvania, introduced a resolution cutting down representation of southern states in the convention. Southerners widely opposed it and it was referred to the rules committee. Chairman Burrows announced that owing to contests some of the Louisiana delegation would sit on the committee. The convention adjourned until tomorrow at noon.

Chicago, June 16.—With uncertainty as the dominating characteristic despite the efforts of leaders to prepare a cut and dried program the fourteenth Republican national convention opened at noon in the Coliseum. Possibility of a stampede to Roosevelt despite the votes claimed for Taft and the unsolved problem of the vice presidency had delegates and spectators alike on edge. The possibility of a fight on the floor over putting labor planks in the platform increased the uncertainty. The enormous hall was packed when National Chairman New, of Indiana, opened proceedings. Twelve thousand people were present including hundreds of women.

A huge platform 100x150 feet at the southern and accommodated leaders, diplomats and honored guests. Nine hundred and eighty delegates and an equal number of alternates, including two Utah women, occupied the main floor behind the reporters' section. Tiers of seats surmounted by galleries ranged around three sides of the amphitheater. Everywhere were flags and the national colors, forming a beautiful decoration scheme. There was the greatest demand for admission in history. Thousands were outside hours before the doors opened at 10 o'clock. The crowd was enthusiastic from the start and all delegations were cheered. Prominent leaders were applauded vigorously and Taft leaders got a great ovation. The program today is for a complete temporary organization and adjourn until tomorrow noon. Committees begin work this afternoon.

Called to Order.
Hands played while the hall was filling. Just at noon Chairman New arrived and called the convention to order. Bishop Muldoon, of the Catholic diocese of Chicago, delivered the invocation. John R. Malloy, of Ohio, temporary chairman, read the call. Chairman New called for a vote on Burrows' selection as temporary chairman, which was unanimously adopted.

Former Mayor Fleischmann, of Cincinnati, carried a silk banner with Taft's picture in the convention and was given an ovation. Telegraph operators were working wires to the white house. Taft's office had a prominent place in the hall. Senator Tamm at arrival at the hall declared that he would place Roosevelt in nomination, but admitted he had been asked to do so but refused.

Hearing Contests.
Senator Hemenway, of Congressman Burke, the real leaders of Taft opposition admit they have little hope.



VICE PRESIDENT CHARLES W. FAIRBANKS.

Will receive support of the Kentucky delegation for vice-president should Wilson's name not go before the convention.

Hughes' boomers are more enthusiastic. Antis will make a hard fight before credentials committee this afternoon. They will concentrate their efforts on the Alabama contests for influence of seating anti-Taft men there. Contests for delegates at large will be heard by the whole committee. Sub-committees only deal with district contests. There is little doubt that the work of the national committee will be approved in most contests.

Committee Appointments.
Following are committee appointments announced by states: Illinois—credentials, Frank L. Smith; resolutions, Albert J. Hopkins; national committee-man, Frank O. Lowden; Kentucky—credentials, Wilbur D. Cochran; resolutions, Marshall M. Hallitt.

Taft at White House.
Washington, June 16.—Taft called at the white house and canvassed the situation with Roosevelt. Reporters questioned him regarding the vice presidency but he refused to discuss the question.

The Platform.

Chicago, June 16.—The tentative draft of the Republican platform contains praises for Roosevelt and says the administration marks a new epoch in the national history, and pledges adherence to his policies. Congress is praised for the emergency currency bill and other recent legislation. Calls for tariff revision at the special session next March. Upholds protection give security against foreign competition. Urges amendment to Sherman anti-trust bill to give federal control of corporations but relieving labor organizations, etc., from its supervision. Condemns "Jim Crow" laws. Approves policy to keep the nation ready always for defense. Promises ratification of The Hague conference treaties and says that a continuance of present policies requires continuance of present party in power. Declares for amendments to statutes governing procedure in federal courts to prevent summary use of injunction while preserving power of courts to enforce their process.

Chicago, June 16.—A Roosevelt stampede is apparently the only thing that can prevent Taft's nomination. It is reported this morning that all but LaFollette and Hughes have agreed to withdraw their names after the first vote was taken and before the ballot was announced. If Hughes and LaFollette stick it will prevent a unanimous nomination. Fairbanks' boom for the vice presidency is growing stronger. Taft men have decided they don't want a candidate from either extremity of the country. Booms for Sherman and Corblyou are waning therefore.

The following speech was delivered by Hon. Julius C. Burrows, of Michigan, as temporary chairman of the Republican national convention:
Mr. Chairman and Gentlemen of the Convention:
Another chapter in our national history under Republican administration is soon to be concluded, and conforming to party usage long ex-

(Continued on Page Two.)

KY. DELEGATION IS PROMINENT AT THE CONVENTION

Boom for Governor Willson is Persistent and Ardent
Supported by Admirers

Fisher Making Hard Fight for
Committeeman

WITH PROSPECTS OF SUCCESS

Chicago, June 16.—A succession of victories by the Republican party in Kentucky, by which they captured the state government and sent W. O. Bradley to the United States senate, has put Kentucky in the running up here in Chicago. Kentucky occupies a bigger spot on the map nowadays, and when a Republican says he is from Kentucky his hearers sit up and take more notice than they did four years ago, when Roosevelt was nominated for the presidency and when Kentucky had a Democratic government.

With the arrival of the advance guard last night the mauling which has been administered steadily to Senator-elect W. O. Bradley ever since his arrival here was renewed with much vigor. The senator announced yesterday afternoon that he proposed to carry the light of the contesting both banks delegates from the First, Sixth and Eleventh Kentucky districts to the credentials committee of the national convention, and he added:

"My friends are insisting that I accept a proxy and take the floor, but I do not know that I shall. I may do so, however."

This would have given the senator-elect a chance to make a speech and to deliver the G. O. P. that he was a real live senator from the Democratic state of Kentucky.

But just as soon as the Taft men in Kentucky got wind of the senator's intentions, they got busy, and several Taft leaders, among them Collector Maurice Galvin, of Covington, announced that Bradley had no chance to get the privileges of the floor; that only delegates had a right to the floor and in their absence only their alternates could act.

It is known that the Kentucky senator's plans were communicated to

(Continued on Page Four.)

OVERTURE MADE BRYAN TO SUPPORT JOHNSON

Richmond, Va., June 16.—George McDufer Blake, a close friend of Bryan, has written the latter promising him unanimous nomination in 1912 if he will support Governor Johnson now. Bryan has not replied.

COUSIN DROWNED IN ARKANSAS

Mrs. H. A. English, of 1226 Monroe street, received word this morning of the drowning of her cousin, Frank Willis, of Eureka Springs, Ark., while on a picnic party at Beaver, Ark. Mr. Willis was 19 years old and a bright young man. He leaves his parents and four sisters. He was a nephew of John W. Evers and Mrs. C. S. McCammon, of Granburyville, and a cousin of W. H. Covington, of England. Mr. Willis was a graduate of the University of Fayetteville, Ark.

MULE ATTACKS AUTO.

"Maud," the mule, or her sister, got on a typical rampage at Massac and nearly demolished the new automobile of Dr. Z. C. Graham, of the county. Instead of running from the automobile this mule made a bee-line for Dr. Graham, despite the frantic efforts of her driver to hold her back, and jumped over the rear end of the automobile, spilling out the occupants of the buggy to which she was hitched and damaging the auto. Not content with this demonstration, the mule started for Dr. Graham's machine again, but was finally headed off until Dr. Graham could get up full speed. A woman and several children were in the buggy overturned by the mule, but no one was hurt. Dr. Graham came upon a large party near Massac, who had been fishing, out of all the horses and mules here, this one alone undertook to challenge her species.

Confessed Night Rider On Stand in Benton Trials Names Members and Leaders of Birmingham Mob



GOV. A. E. WILLSON

Looms up prominent among those mentioned for Taft's running mate and was given an ovation on his first appearance on convention floor.

HUGH MILLER WILL SUCCEED DICK TOLBERT

Hugh Miller, of the boiler department, is tipped to succeed the late Dick Tolbert as special policeman for the Illinois Central railroad. Miller has been deputy guard for the railroad for several years and the position will come as a recognition of his services. W. M. Smith is the regular night policeman, and it is understood that he will make a fight for the day job and have the new man to work at night.

LABEL SUIT COMPROMISED

Lawrenceburg, June 16.—Noel Gainer's libel suit against Percy Haly has been settled out of court by each side agreeing to pay its own costs.

BICYCLE THIEF IS OPERATING IN CITY

There is a bicycle thief operating in Paducah, and the police are trying to catch the fellow guilty of the thefts. Last night three wheels were stolen from owners who had left them for a few minutes. Rowlin Thomas lost his wheel, which had a coaster brake, and J. B. Snider found his wheel missing when he went to return home last night. A. J. Bannberg was the third man to report that his wheel had been stolen. The police have been given a good description of the bicycles, and hope to have the thief in the toils of the law. The thief's game is to watch a rider dismount his wheel and walk away. The thief then gets on and rides the wheel off, while no one suspects he is stealing the wheel.

CREST OF FLOOD HAS PASSED KANSAS CITY, MO.

St. Louis, June 16.—The river is still rising an inch an hour. The stage was 33.3 feet this morning. The water is entering buildings along the Missouri river. The river is eight miles wide at some points. Crest of the flood has passed Kansas City and the water is diminishing there.

DEMOCRATS LOSE PLACES TO REPUBLICANS AT HOPKINSVILLE INSANE ASYLUM

Dr. Gardner of Hopkins County Appointed Superintendent
—Tate Steward.

Frankfort, June 16.—Dr. T. W. Gardner, Madisonville, Republican, appointed to succeed Stephens, Democrat, superintendent Hopkinsville asylum. Tate, of Breckinridge county, succeeds Herry as steward. Dr. Will Mason, of Calloway, was an applicant for superintendent, may be appointed assistant.

SKULL FRACTURED IN AUTO ACCIDENT ON THIRD STREET

John Rountree, Merchant of
Sharp, Seriously Injured
at Third and Clark.

Was Hurrying to Bedside of
Sick Wife.

INJURIES ARE NOT FATAL

Thrown from an automobile in a collision with a laundry wagon near Third and Clark streets early this morning, John Rountree, a prominent business man of Shreve, Marshall county, received a slight fracture of the skull and had bruises on the face and body.

Mr. Rountree came to Paducah last night to join a crowd of prospectors on a trip to southern Texas, but before leaving the city he received a message that his wife was ill and fired an automobile from Foreman Brothers to make the trip to Sharp.

At Clark street Albert Garner, the chauffeur who was driving the car started to cross the street to avoid a Home laundry wagon and in crossing the street car track a tire of one of the rear wheels of the machine caught between the rail and the brick pavement and was jerked off, the wheel causing the machine to turn directly into the laundry wagon. Mr. Rountree was pitched out, his head striking the brick streets and he was picked up unconscious and carried into the Rose Dye Works and Dr. J. D. Robertson summoned, who applied temporary relief measures and had the injured man removed to the St. Nicholas hotel. Garner escaped uninjured, managing to stay in the seat by holding to the steering wheel.

Driver Watts, of the laundry wagon, was also uninjured, but the harness was stripped from the horse.

Library Sold.
Attorney Frank Burns has bought the law library of the late Judge W. D. Greer for his office in the Trueheart building. Mr. Burns has also just placed an order for new books to cost \$500 and will have one of the most complete libraries in the city.

PAY CAR HERE

This is pay day for the Illinois Central railroad and the employees were paid off this morning when the car arrived from Mounds, Ill. About the usual amount of money was turned loose, as the effect of cutting the hours in the machine department does not come in on this month's pay. Tonight the merchants will be open as usual to enjoy a good retail trade.

BEARER OF CONVERSATION WATERS PINCHED

While lugging several gallon jugs of "old corn" down Broadway, D. E. Doran, a young man from the desert of Mayfield, was arrested by Patrolman Elmus Carter today for carrying a pistol. A number of thirsty ones of Graves county made up money to get some liquid refreshments, and as Doran had been sick and unable to work, he was elected to come to Paducah and purchase the booze. Although he said he was sick he was carrying the jugs as well as the pistol, which got him in bad. Doran said he guessed his pals would have to drink water until he served out his time so that he could carry the jugs home. He was fined \$25 and costs and ten days in jail.

THE SUN'S GREAT VOTING CONTEST.

1 VOTE FOR

M

Dist. No.

Postoffice

Street No.

This ballot when properly filled out and brought or mailed to the Contest Department of The Sun will count as one vote.
VOID AFTER JUNE 20.

BURROWS' SPEECH

(Continued from page one.)

established this convention of 380 delegates and their alternates, chosen by the Republican electorate from every State and Territory within the confines of the Republic, meets in this high council to submit the record of its achievements to the critical review of the American people and make fresh avowal of its faith in the principles and policies of the Republican party.

The framers of the Federal Constitution wisely provided that all governmental power should be lodged with and retained by the people, and that their chosen representatives selected to administer the affairs of government should be vested with only a limited tenure of official life, and a regular and stated period render account of their stewardship to their rightful sovereign, to the end that the administration of public affairs, through the instrumentality of individuals and parties, should at all times conform to and reflect the dominant judgment of the American people.

To this end the constitutional term of the Executive office is limited to four years, the senatorial to six, with a third of its membership subject to change every two years, while the service of Members of the National House of Representatives, the immediate and direct sponsors of the people, is restricted to the brief period of four years. Thus in this free representative Government all power over officials, parties, and policies rests at all times with the supreme electorate, confirming the declaration of Abraham Lincoln that this is in fact a "government of the people, by the people, and for the people."

In the approaching election, a President and Vice-President of the United States, a full membership of the House of Representatives, consisting of 392 Members and Delegates, and 30 United States senators from as many different States are to be chosen. The result, involving as it does the control of both the executive and legislative branches of the National Government, with the opportunity for a change of parties and policies, is of transcendent importance and far-reaching consequences, involving the States and the nation.

Four years ago the Republican party in national convention submitted the record of its achievements to the American people, announced its policies for the future, and, invoking continuance of public favor, placed in nomination for the office of President and Vice-President of the United States, Theodore Roosevelt and Charles W. Fairbanks, who were elected and the platform approved by a popular vote of 7,623,485, a record unexampled in the history of political parties since the foundation of the Government, receiving the endorsement of 32 States out of the 48, with but 13 in opposition.

In view of this endorsement, it becomes pertinent and opportune to inquire, What has the Republican Party done in the last four years of governmental control? In many respects the most remarkable and brilliant in the history of the party and the country—to farfeit public confidence or create distrust in its capacity for future administration? Although some untoward and unforeseen conditions have beset the Republic during the last four years, yet these have been met and overcome with ability and courage, and the country has marched steadily onward in its hitherto course of industrial triumphs. The wise and beneficial legislation of the Republican Party during the long years of its ascendancy and administration of national affairs laid the foundation for the public weal so securely that no disquieting condition, not even a temporary panic, which necessarily touches the main-spring of industrial life, could arrest the country's resistless advance.

Since the last national Republican convention, four years ago, our population has increased from 81½ millions to 87½ millions, while 4 millions of immigrants from every quarter of the globe have found welcome to our shores and protection under our flag.

During the last four years our stocks and bonds have increased in value from 2,998 millions to 4,331 millions.

The value of our farm products from 5,917 millions to 7,412 millions.

The output of coal from 311 million tons to 420 millions.

Our product of gold from 71 millions of dollars to 90 millions.

The accumulation in savings banks of 2,815 million dollars in 1903 was augmented to 3,195 millions in 1907.

The deposits in all banks in 1902, aggregating 9,553 million dollars, reaches the fabulous sum of 13 billions in 1907, an increase of 3,546 million dollars in four years.

Two millions of spindles in our cotton mills were added, and the domestic cotton used in our factories in 1907 amounted to over 5 million bales, as against 3,924,000 bales in 1903.

The importations of raw silk to supply our mills increased from a little over 15 million pounds in 1903 to nearly 19 million pounds in 1907. In spite of the disquieting conditions incident to the regulation of rates on interstate railroads, 20 thousand miles of new trackage have been added in the last four years.

The tonnage of vessels passing through the Sault Ste. Marie Canal has increased from 28 millions in 1903 to 44 millions in 1907. The output of pig iron, the ba-

A WOMAN'S GRATITUDE.

A Montana Woman Writes in Praise of Newb's Herpelde.

"For several years I have been troubled with dandruff, causing me much annoyance, and my hair becoming very thin. I have used Newb's Herpelde for a month and the dandruff has entirely disappeared and my hair is becoming much heavier than formerly. New hair is growing where there was none and I am very thankful to you for the benefit I have received from Newb's Herpelde. Very truly yours,

MRS. C. H. FOSTER.

No. 985 Park Ave., Hunt, Mont.
Sold by leading druggists. Two sizes, 50c and \$1. Send 10c. in stamps for sample to The Herpelde Co., Detroit, Mich. R. W. Walker, Co., Special Agents.

rometer of trade, in 1907 was 25,781,000 tons, as against a little over 18 million tons in 1903, and our exports of iron and steel increased from \$96,120,000 in 1903 to \$181,531,000 in 1907.

The cotton fabrics wrought in American mills from our domestic fiber consumed in 1903 3,924 million bales, while in 1907 they required more than 5 millions.

Our exports of manufactures advanced from 148 million dollars in 1903 to 710 millions in 1907.

Our imports of raw material for use in domestic manufacture increased from 330 million dollars in 1903 to 447 millions in 1907, while our exports in the calendar year of 1907 were nearly 2 billion dollars, an increase of 30 per cent over those of four years ago.

The mills and factories temporarily closed by reason of financial disturbances are rapidly resuming operations, calling labor back to profitable employment.

The record of material activity in field and forest, factory and farm, mines and mills during the last four years might be indefinitely extended, but this is quite sufficient to show the development and repair condition of our industrial life.

The nine great executive departments of the government, through which the head of the nation speaks and acts, have advanced with steady and resource steps within the sphere of their activities, presenting a record of achievements during the last four years of intelligent and progressive administration unexampled in the history of the Government.

The Agriculture department has continued to work its promoting the interest of the farmers diversifying their products; supplying new and valuable seeds and plants especially adapted to our climate; and soil-eradicating diseases which protect and destroy animal and vegetable life, developing the best-sugar industry from 40 millions to 120 million tons valued at 13 million dollars; enforced the pure food law, enhancing the value of farm produce, conserving the health of all our people; dis-

tributed during the year 1907 nearly 17 million bulletins; provided for over 2,000 scientists to gather information for the benefit of agriculture; protected our forest reserves from the ravages of fire; converted the arid lands and waste places into fertile fields and blossoming gardens; extended our proslavery area for grain westward into the dry regions, so that nearly 50 million bushels a year are being grown in regions which have heretofore been unproductive, and in every way possible conserving the natural resources of the country for ourselves and the generations to come after us.

The Department of Commerce and Labor, organized in 1903, has been active and potent in extending our commerce and protecting our labor. It has dispatched messengers to foreign countries, particularly to South America and the Orient, to learn the needs and tastes of the people, with a view to increasing our trade.

The exports, which in 1903 aggregated 1,392 million dollars, will, it is estimated, in 1908 aggregate about 1,900 million, showing an increase practically to every country. Its Bureau of Statistics has established a system of recording the internal commerce of the country as the Great Lakes and at important interior centers. Its Bureau of Manufactures has brought about more intimate relations between the manufacturers of United States and buyers abroad, and, by bringing purchasers into closer touch with dealers, aided in the extension of foreign markets for our manufactures.

Congress. It has cooperated in the beneficent work of arbitration to avert or terminate strikes and promote the interests of our laboring people. Congress has wisely cooperated with and supplemented the work of this department by enacting a law for the better protection of women and to prevent their being lured to ship through false representations. It has provided for an investigation into the conditions of working women and children; it has amended and strengthened the law to prevent the importation of contract labor, and provided a plan for the further exclusion of that class of labor limitation which enters into competition with American workmen. It has enacted a law limiting the hours of labor of employees engaged in railway train service and of railway telegraphers.

The Congress just closed reenacted the law passed by the Fifty-ninth Congress to conform to the opinion of the Supreme Court, making common carriers liable for accidents to their employees engaged in interstate commerce. It has enacted a law for the further protection of the life of railroad employees in their hazardous employment. It has provided compensation for laborers and mechanics who may be injured in the service of the Government, and making a provision for their families in the event of their being killed.

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In the course of their employment, it has enacted a model child-labor law for the District of Columbia. It has directed a thorough investigation into the working conditions of the employees of the telegraph and telephone companies, doing interstate business; and, in response to the urgent appeal from both capital and labor, Congress, before its adjournment, appropriated \$150,000 for an investigation into the cause of mine accidents, with a view of promoting the safety of workers in our mines.

It is within bounds to say that no previous sessions of Congress have displayed a more active or intelligent interest in the needs of the wage-earners than the past three sessions, nor has there heretofore been the same length of time been as much important and progressive legislation in the interests of this class of our fellow-citizens.

Interior Department. The work of the Department of the Interior has been prosecuted under the present Administration with intelligence and vigor. During the past year over 2 million acres of coal lands have been restored to the public domain. During the last five years fences unlawfully closing public lands have been removed from 2,519,533 acres, and steps are now being taken to remove such inclosures 3,750,000 other acres.

During the past five years \$16,501 have been collected for timber on the pass upon public land, and other judgments have been collected on claims compromised, yielding \$510,681.

During the last five years 782 fraudulent land entries have been canceled, restoring to the public domain 1,259,870 acres. From July 1, 1902, to May, 1908, deeds for 160 acres each have been granted to 273,233 homestead settlers on the public domain, covering 41,053,280 acres.

Since July 1, 1906, 171,017 original homestead and desert-land entries have been made, embracing 28,571,400 acres, carrying out the approved policy of the President to prevent the monopoly of our public lands and place a family on every 160 acres. It is estimated by conservative engineers that the reclamation act will bring into cultivation and occupancy a quarter million acres of land now desert and unhabitable, to be fashioned into farms for our people, and this vast area will be brought into cultivation without entailing the loss of a single dollar to the National Treasury, as the land reclaimed is assessed and the owner must return to the Treasury the cost of reclamation.

Under this act the Government has constructed 1,887 miles of canals, 56 tunnels, and 611 miles of wagon roads into heretofore inaccessible regions, the expenditures in this work aggregating nearly \$1,000,000 per month. As a result of the operations of the Reclamation Service eleven new towns have been established, 100 miles of branch rail-

Does not Color the Hair

AYER'S HAIR VIGOR

roads have been constructed, and 14,000 people have already taken up their residence in the desert.

The work of the Pension Bureau has been brought up-to-date. The labor has increased, but the expense of administration during the last four years has decreased nearly \$760,000. The force has been reduced from 2,000 to 1,400, and yet the number of certificates issued during the last twelve months has been greater than any previous twelve months since the Bureau was established, nearly 400,000 having been issued during the past year.

The act of June 27, 1890, was the first disability law in the history of the world granting a pension to soldiers and sailors because of their need of help, without requiring proof of disability incurred in service in that line of duty, and the act of February 6, 1907, granting pensions to all soldiers and sailors who served in the Civil war and in the Mexican war, are measures of justice and generosity unexampled in the annals of a grateful people.

The total number of pensioners on the rolls is now slightly in excess of 950,000, and the average amount paid out in pensions in a month is \$128,155,112 were paid to pensioners.

During the past four years the Post-Office Department has continued its beneficent work in the interest of all the people, until on the 1st of April, 1908, free rural delivery was in operation on 39,037 routes from 16,304 post-offices, complete in 723 counties, saving \$9,500,000 in the discontinuance of post-offices, and in every way carrying the blessings of the free-delivery system to our rural population, and thus promoting the happiness and contentment of the people.

Ship Subsidy. A measure providing for postal savings banks, recommended by the Postmaster-General, has secured the favorable action of the Senate Committee on Post-Offices and Post-Roads, and will undoubtedly receive the favorable action of Congress at its next session. It is to be regretted that a measure to provide for the carrying of our mails to the Orient and the South American countries in American ships should have failed, but its passage in the near future is confidently expected. The confession of Secretary Root upon his return from the South American countries is startling. "During the past summer I entered all the great ports of the southern continent and I saw only one ship besides the cruiser that carried me flying the American flag."

Further sailing: The best way to travel between the United States and South America is to go by way of Europe, crossing the Atlantistwice. "In the year ending June 30, 1907 there entered the port of Rio de Janeiro steamers and sailing vessels, 120 flying the flag of Austro-Hungary, 142 of Norway, 155 of Italy, 264 of Argentina, 249 of France, 657 of Germany, 1,785 of Great Britain, and only 2 steamers and 7 sailing vessels from the United States, 2 of which were in distress. Not one American steamship runs to a South American port beyond the Caribbean."

Secretary Root concludes: "This woeful deficiency in the means to carry on and enlarge our South American trade is but a part of the general decline and feebleness of the American merchant marine, which has reduced us from carrying over 90 per cent of our export trade in our own ships to the carriage of 9 per cent of that trade and dependence upon foreign shipowners for the carriage of 91 per cent."

This humiliating condition should stimulate the American people to renewed and determined effort to re-establish a merchant marine, until we are able to carry American mails and American merchandise under the American flag to every part of the world.

The work of reorganizing and promoting the efficiency of the Army has gone steadily forward until we have a military force not only sufficient to maintain peace within our own borders, but capable of resisting any possible force that could be sent against us. The establishment of a General Staff of the Army has made action by it more prompt and effective than ever before, and has served to give to the policy of improvement in the Army a prominent character.

The educational training of officers. DeWitt's Little Early Riders, the famous liver pills, are sold by all druggists.

GASOLINE ENGINE. Bought by Mayfield Newspaper to Supply Power. Gasoline engines likely will be used by the Mayfield newspaper plants in place of electricity, which has been cut off to them by the damage to the power plant from lightning. Mr. May G. Lemon was in the city making arrangements to buy an engine for the Messenger Newspaper company and expects to resume publication by Thursday.

(Continued on Page Six.)

For Breakfast, Lunch or Dessert

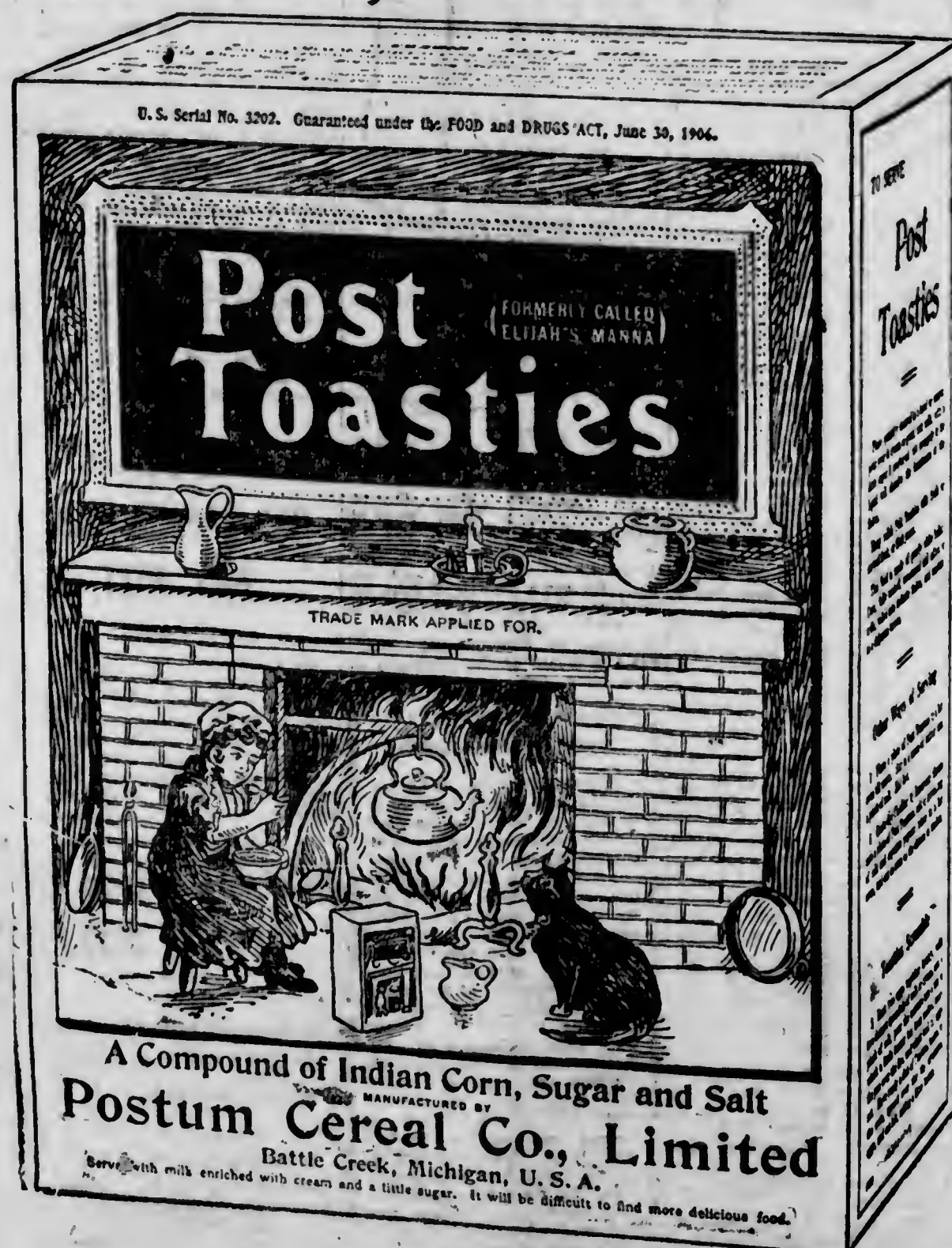
The Rose may blossom for England,

The Lily for France unfold,
Ireland honors the Shamrock,
Scotland the Thistle bold.

But the shield of the Great Republic—

The Glory of the West—
Shall bear the bloom of the tasseled Corn;

The Sun's supreme bequest!



The delicious, "toasty" flavour; the crisp, crackling flakes made of White Corn, without the touch of human hand, have sent

Post Toasties (Formerly Called Elijah's Manna) 'way up in the hearts of the American people.

They are an inspiration to the poet; a delight to the epicure; a breakfast "starter" of appetizing allurements, and altogether the daintiest toasted flakes yet made from Corn!

"The Taste Lingers" Packages two sizes, 10c and 15c

Made by Postum Cereal Co., Ltd., Battle Creek, Michigan, U. S. A.

E. GUTHRIE CO.

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Our Great Move On! Move On! Sale

All Summer Goods Must Move Quickly



THE big policeman on the corner says, "Move On! Move On!" to all laggards and loiterers. We say, "Move On! Move On!" to all summer goods. We determined to convert everything in our stocks into cash. To do this we have cut the price so deeply that you can't help but buy. Everything must go—we don't stand for loiterers here. This is a RAPID-ACTION, TRIPLE-QUICK MOVE ON! He are the prices that will make the goods move out and the people move in. Join the moving procession for your share.



The Movement Begins Tomorrow, Wednesday, at 8:30 a. m.

Big Bargains for the Men

Women are not the only ones who will be interested in this sale. The men are offered savings which will make them always a customer at our Men's Department. All regular 4-ply Linen Collars that sell at 15c in this sale..... **10c**

Men's Hose in black and tan worth 15c for..... **10c**

Men's Black Silk Lisle Hose, a 25c value for..... **15c**

One big lot of Silver brand \$1.00 Shirts in this sale..... **69c**

Men's Shirts made of good quality Madras, cut full, cuffs attached, all patterns, a Shirt some stores get a dollar for, our price..... **49c**

Extra good quality Halibrogan Underwear, thin, soft finished, the garment..... **25c**

Men's Ties, both bow and four-in-hand, the regular 50c quality..... **25c**

Table Linens Sacrificed and Must Move On

We have been extremely fortunate in purchasing a large lot of Table Linens at a surprisingly low figure, which will be placed in this sale. Now is the time to lay in a large supply as the prices were never lower or the quality higher.

Extra quality 54-inch Full Bleached Table Linen, exceptional values, regular price 35c, Move on sale price..... **24c**

54-in. Full Bleached Table Linen, best quality, regular 40c, sale price..... **29c**

50-in. Bleached Damask, beautiful patterns and quality, a regular 65c seller for..... **49c**

All of our large line of 75c Linens will go in this sale at..... **49c**

All Napkins will be reduced in this Move On Sale, but lack of space does not permit us to enumerate them. However, we trust that you will favor us with the opportunity of proving to you in person all the remarkable values we offer.

72-in. Regular \$1.25 Bleached Linens..... **98c**

72-in. Table Linen, wear-resisting quality, regularly \$1.75 for..... **\$1.40**

Worthy values in Turkish Red Table Linen, worth 25c for..... **19c**

Better quality Turkey Red Linens, regular 35c for..... **25c**

Best quality Turkey Red Table Linens, worth 60c for..... **49c**

Skirts Will Have to Move On

When this sale begins Wednesday morning, there will be 300 Skirts in the sale. In two hours' time we believe that there won't be one third of them left. They are the season's newest models, some have not been in the house more than two or three days. There are Volles, Panamas, Batiste, Serges, Broadcloths and any other desired cloth. There's every desired color and size.

One-Third Off

In this sale any Skirt in the house goes at 1-3 off the regular price. A look at these garments will convince you that they are bargains not to be overlooked.

Lowest Prices on Muslin Underwear

We have prepared for this sale by buying a large surplus stock of an Eastern Manufacturer, who sold to us at prices little over half the regular ones. There are too many items to enumerate. The following are samples of the values we offer in this department:

Well made Muslin Corset Covers, trimmed in German Lace and Ribbon, a 35c value..... **25c**

Extra good Corset Covers, made of good quality muslin, trimmed in lace and embroidery, regular 39c, sale price..... **39c**

50 doz. Ladies' Drawers which are unusual values at 25c and 50c, will go in this sale at..... **25c**

65c and 75c Drawers, fine quality and elaborately trimmed, at..... **49c**

All Gowns and Skirts will be sold at prices in proportion to the above. It will pay you to buy Muslin Underwear in this sale to last for two seasons. You won't have another opportunity to get such bargains.

White Goods on the Move

Beautiful Dotted Swiss, very refined quality, worth 15c, sale price..... **12 1/2c**

40 inch French Lawn, an ultra soft grade, regular price 15c, sale price..... **9c**

40 inch English Nainsook, extra quality, a substantial value, for underwear, sold in the bolt or by the yard.

15c quality for	20c quality for	25c quality for
12 1/2c	15c	20c

Wide Persian Lawns, an unusually attractive and pleasing fabric for the summer waists and dresses.

15c qualities for	20c qualities for	25c qualities for
12 1/2c	15c	19c

Long Cloth, by the yard or by the bolt, for the fine underwear, a quality which insures perfect satisfaction.

20c grade for	25c grade for
12 1/2c	19c

Imported India Linens, very sheer and soft grades.

25c kind for	30c kind for	35c kind for
20c	15c	12 1/2c



And Look at These—Watch 'em Move

One lot of beautiful quality Embroidery, worth 15c for..... **10c**

35c Embroidery, the kind for fine underwear or for shirt waists, sale price..... **25c**

200 bolts of German Valenciennes Lace, regularly 75c the bolt, Move On Price, the bolt..... **49c**

Good heavy quality long White Silk Gloves, open wrist, regularly \$1.50, for..... **98c**

12 Button Lisle Gloves, all colors, \$1.00 value, sale price..... **75c**

16 Button Chambray Gloves, the best quality, the kind that will wash and look well always, regularly \$2.25, now..... **\$1.98**

12 Button Chambray Gloves, same quality as above, worth \$2.00, for..... **\$1.69**

The new Ascot Stock Collars in a wide range of styles and colors, regularly 25c, sale price..... **15c**

Pure Silk Hose, in black, white, navy and golden brown, the quality that sells regularly at \$1.25, for..... **98c**

Towels at Move On Prices

Here are Towel values that speak for themselves, but you must see the high quality to appreciate them.

Good Bath Towels, 18x10 inches, worth 12 1/2c, Move On Sale Price..... **10c**

A little better one that sells regularly at 15c, in the sale at..... **12 1/2c**

44x20 Bath Towels, the kind that are needed this hot weather, worth 25c, for..... **21c**

Good Huck Towels, worth 10c, for..... **8c**

Better ones, worth 12 1/2c, for..... **10c**

20x12 in. Huck Towels, worth 25c, for..... **20c**

18x20 Pure Linen Towels, regularly 35c, for..... **25c**

Good Crash or Toweling, worth 5c and 7 1/2c, for..... **4c**

Linen Crash, regular 8 1/2c and 10c sale price..... **7 1/2c**

We are exclusive distributors in Western Kentucky for the famous Chattanooga Turkish Bath Towels. During the sale we will be glad to demonstrate the excellent qualities of this towel.

Wash Fabrics Have to Move

We are going to let the prices tell the story. Sheer French flowered organdies, worth 50c, now..... **39c**

Beautiful Silk Mulls with dots and figures, regular 50c, now..... **39c**

Silk Mulls in all colors and figures, worth 35c, for..... **24c**

Regular 25c Silk Gingham in this sale..... **19c**

Chiffon Lisse in all desired colorings for the lady's summer dress, regular 25c value for..... **19c**

Genuine Scotch Lawns, sheer, crisp and even weaves, shown in a wonderful collection of designs; all the new dots, spots, rags, stripes and floral designs, 15c ones..... **12 1/2c**

10 pieces of the finest Dotted Swiss, neat embroidered dots of black on white and tan ground, some in the lot are slightly soiled, but the regular price is from 35c to 50c while the sale..... **19c**

15c Gingham, 10c Gingham, 12 1/2c Gingham..... **12 1/2c**

7c..... **7c**

10c..... **10c**

Move Into a New Shirt Waist Domestic Deeply Cut—Match the Values and Prices if You Can

Lawn Waists trimmed in embroidery and lace insertion, others with yokes of lace and embroidery, Waists that sold for \$1.00..... **49c**

Lawns and Batiste Waists daintily trimmed in lace insertion, fine tucks and medallions; others with pretty fronts of all over embroidery..... **98c**

\$2.20 Waists for..... **\$1.49**

Lawn Waists, with yokes of lace, others trimmed with yokes of lace, embroidery medallions, etc. All Tailored Waists with collars and cuffs in all white linen; \$2.00 and \$2.50 grades move..... **\$4.98**

The most popular Waist of the season; the Bern Net Waist, beautifully tailored, handsomely trimmed in bands and medallions. A waist of fascinating appearance, an unusual quality. Regular price \$8.50, sale price..... **\$4.98**

\$1.25 White Linen Skirts, handsomely made of a quality of linen which will stand steady wear and always looks well, sale..... **98c**

3-1 best brands of unbleached sheeting, worth 22c, for..... **22c**

25c, for..... **24c**

10-1 unbleached sheeting, worth 27 1/2c, for..... **24c**

9-4 bleached sheeting, worth 24c, for..... **24c**

10-1 bleached sheeting, worth 35c, for..... **29c**

36x12 Pillow Slips, worth 15c, for..... **12 1/2c**

36x12 Pillow Slips better quality, worth 20c, for..... **15c**

Yard wide extra good quality, soft finished Bleached Domestic, regular 10c value, during the Move on Sale..... **7c**

Fine quality yard wide Bleached Domestic, the very thing for underwear, 12 1/2c value for..... **9c**

Yard wide, good quality unbleached Domestic, sale price..... **4c**

Extra good quality yard wide heavy unbleached Domestic at..... **7c**

One lot of Sheer, pretty quality Curtain Swisses, worth from 15c to 25c, choice in this sale..... **12c**

All the standard brands of Calicoes in this sale..... **4c**

All Percales in all the colors that regularly sell at 12 1/2c and 15c, in the Move On Sale..... **9c**

Bleached Sheets, exceptional values, made without seams, large size, worth 65c, for..... **59c**

72x90 Bleached Sheets, with seam, worthy values, worth 65c, for..... **49c**

90x90 Bleached Sheets, without seam, finest quality, worth 85c, for..... **74c**

The best made Feather Bed Tickling, the standard brand, regularly 20c, Move On Sale..... **15c**

Paducah's Greatest Dry Goods Store's Greatest Sale.

E. Guthrie Co.
322 - 324 B'WAY

Mail Orders Promptly and Cheerfully Filled.

The Paducah Sun

AFTERNOON AND WEEKLY.

THE SUN PUBLISHING COMPANY, INCORPORATED.

P. M. FISHER, President.

W. S. PAXTON, General Manager.

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J. D. Clements & Co., Corcoran, Cal.

only one kind of song—the love song. The sex-note is as conspicuous in all our theatricals, and in our literature, "the sex" largest sellers will usually be love stories.

Our foreign critics make a familiar mistake of vision, which thinks that American men have gone backward because American women have advanced. American men are as virile as any nationality, and our achievements in the face of this supposed handicap, prove that we have not suffered from the enlargement of woman's sphere. We are simply opening up a hitherto unexplored vein of wealth in broadening our conception of woman's possibilities.

KY. DELEGATION

Continued from Page One

Taft's managers, and they have prepared to meet any move the Kentuckian may make with a proxy in his hand. It is said that in the convention, which assembled today, California will lose a vote by reason of the enforced absence of a delegate whose alternate cannot represent him.

Room for Wilson.

Gov. Augustus E. Wilson's boom for vice president is persistent among the Kentucky delegates. The pardon of Calhoun Powers and Jim Howard are responsible for this burst of popularity. Some Republicans who know the Kentucky governor intimately, say that he is a sly old fox. They declare that in acting on the applications for the pardons within a few hours after the Democratic state convention had adjourned in Kentucky, thus escaping the wrath of the Kentucky Democracy and at the same time shooting out the pardons within a few days before the Republican national convention was held, he made a political stroke.

Gov. Wilson arrived this morning and all the delegates want to see and shake the hand of the man who pardoned Powers and Howard. A large number of the federal officeholders and men who contributed to the fund with which the prisoners fought their cases in the Kentucky courts are here and they think Gov. Wilson delivered the goods.

Kentucky Republicans of all persuasions say that if there is the slightest chance to put the governor in the running with Taft they will stand by him and make the fight of their lives. With Powers and Howard free men by Gov. Wilson's signature, the increased popularity of the governor among the party leaders in the state is very apparent here. Although Kentucky was the scene of perhaps the bitterest warfare between the Taft and anti-Taft forces, it is a fact that if Gov. Wilson's boom does not reach proportions to justify a fight, Kentucky will favor Vice President Fairbanks' renomination.

Even the most ardent men on the Kentucky delegation say Kentucky should stand by Fairbanks, although they fought the Indiana man for the presidential nomination. The Taft men join hands in saying the party in Kentucky should not forget Indiana's protection of Taylor and Pinney and the vice president's tour of the state for Wilson and the state ticket.

Fairbanks May Lose Out.

It appears that the race for vice president, which is really the big show now, is between Fairbanks and some New Yorker, either Cortelyou or Representative Sherman. There is a chance of the long Hoosier statesman going into private life. Dilliver's fight on the liquor interests has aroused an intense opposition to him, and it is believed he is out of the going. All Kentucky distillers know what the effect of the Hepburn-Dilliver bill would have been on their business had the bill become a law. All personal liberty leagues are raising a row over Dilliver's candidacy for the vice presidency.

All yesterday the fight against Rich and P. Ernst for national committee-men boiled up to spilling point and then simmered down again. Early Sunday Senator-elect W. O. Bradley, in his apartments in the Annex, had been visited by Kentucky postmasters and others, who assured him that they would use all their influence in their several districts to defeat the Covington man. E. T. Franks, collector at Owensboro, was assured that Delegates John P. Haswell and R. M. Jackson, of the Fourth district, were ready to vote for him for national committee-man, but he could not make up his mind that he wanted it. Postmaster Frank Fisher, of Paducah, loomed up as a candidate, and was said to have the support of Frank P. Hittchcock.

Then Collector Maurice Galvin, of Covington; W. J. Cochran, of Mayfield; Congressman J. B. Bennett and others blew in, and at once they snuffed the conflict from afar and agreed that it was Postmaster Fisher, of Paducah, who was responsible for the fight.

Committee Assignment.

Caucuses were held last night and this morning, and it would appear that the following will be honored by the Kentucky delegation: Gov. Augustus E. Wilson, chairman of delegation; member resolution committee W. Marshall Bullitt, of Louisville; member credentials committee, W. D. Cochran, of Mayfield; vice chairman of delegation, Morris B. Belknap, of Louisville.

Kentucky headquarters are at the Stratford hotel, where Gov. Wilson is stopping. He early enrolled his name in the delegates' register, and Bradley, who wandered in last night, was asked to do the same. He declined, however, and wrote his name after day and year in and year out.

THE VANISHING FLEETS

By ROY NORTON

ILLUSTRATED BY A. WEIL

(Continued from last issue.)

Puzzled and overcome, the patrolmen took temporary charge of the ship, while a boat hurried away from the miniature flotilla, carrying a detailed report to the admiralty, where the news was received with amazement no less than that which had brought the crowd on the embankment. Subordinates of departments called for their tardy superiors, telephone bells jangled, and British phlegm gave way to excitement; but even in this remarkable state of mind, the report was maintained and routine observed, so that from man to man, going constantly upward, the report reached the first lord of the admiralty. Then for the first time it was learned that this high and mighty official was missing from his home and had been summoned to the palace in the night. No delay could be brooked in an event so startling, and with due ceremony inquiries were instituted for him. This caused an investigation in gray old Buckingham, which spread until it came to the head of government, when it became known that not only was the naval officer missing, but no less a personage than the king of England as well.

In great disasters by sea or land where swift death ravages, men cry aloud in their excitement and distress; but when a calamity threatens a nation and a king is involved, they seek to hide their emotions. Hence it was that in the palace men came hurriedly together without words to those around, and in whispers expressed their anxiety. It was recalled with alarm that the Kaiser had left his palace in an equally unceremonious manner, decaying by a stranger, and enticed into the night. Nor was his fate as uncertain or with more ground for question, because there he had been traced to a carriage which had driven away. The king of England had gone into his garden, and the guards at the gates swore he had not passed the portals, which they watched. And for their pains they were doubted and placed under temporary detention until the king should return to prove that they were not in a conspiracy against the state.

Perhaps the alarm would have been less keen were it not for the tale of the Kaiser; but the cases were so parallel that the conclusion was instantly formed that England's monarch was probably in as great jeopardy as his fellow ruler who had now been gone for many days. The nobles looked at one another askance, and asked what times were these when no person might be so august as to be immune from seizure. Where was the limit to be reached? What could be expected next? Was there no possible protection even for the heads of government and society?

In the offices of the admiralty those of more or less prominence in the department held a conference and detailed men to take charge of the Dreadnought. There could be no attempt to rehabilitate her at that time, inasmuch as it would be impossible ever again to bring her into service without destroying a span of the bridge below; therefore no coroner's inquest could have convened with more solemnity than did those men who took charge of and boarded this great dead thing of the sea.

A derelict cast upon an open sandy beach offered more chance of salvage than the greatest vessel of the greatest navy of the world, nosed in the mud and practically wallowed in. And while she lay in this state of helplessness there was forming round English shores a formidable flotilla of other war vessels flying the British flag, which had been summoned from all waters of the globe to protect the mother country from German invasion or if need arose gallantly to seek death beds in the sea in the attempt to fend off the American terror should it be directed against the island ruler of the waves.

As they advanced, capitals of this great navy arrived in London in response to urgent summons and hastened to the admiralty. One and all they were asked to pass expert opinion on the condition of the Dreadnought, and offer a solution of the singular enigma in the river; but, like children groping in the mist, they could formulate no reliable theory nor give any valid explanation. They looked at each other in amazement, wagged their heads and admitted their inability. Plague would have left dead men at their posts, or battle would have left more serious scars than the cutting away of the fighting masts and wrecking of the stocks; but even then who would navigate her to home waters, and what could account for her presence in a place where even a small sea-going craft could not go? If that nation in the west had a submarine of terrific speed and unknown power it might perhaps destroy a ship; but by what means could it force it under or over a bridge of solid masonry and steel?

And so the men of the sea paraded down and back while the people of London spent the time in trying to see the latest evidence of disaster.

look turns in crowding to the embankment, and then went to their homes. Business came to a halt, shops were unopened and desks were closed. In the government offices men moved helplessly, and in homes throughout the country families sat within doors gravely discussing the latest manifestation of power.

Nor was the public aware that in higher circles another cause for anxiety had been uncovered, which was nothing less than the disappearance of the prime minister. A king, a prime minister and the first lord of the admiralty taken at one time! It was sufficient to make others of prominence look at one another questioning when their turn might come and what the end would be. No one was safe in this great crisis, when thrones tottered in their settings and men were whisked away in the night when the most powerful vessels of war created by all the wisdom of science and ingenuity of invention might be dominated and hauled like toys.

There was no ground for belief that any power other than the United States might have been the controlling spirit in this long series of untoward events, but from that nation came no word, only a silence more menacing than the thunder of distant guns, and more terrible and ominous than an open display of invincible arms. It took no great stretch of imagination to people the air with phantoms on phantoms of stern and implacable foment bent on invasion when the time seemed ripe. A country which could haunt the world was capable of anything, and it was not believable that she was acting without a purpose. But what means did she take? What could be her next move? How had she accomplished those victories already scored upon her tally sheet? Only one hope for partial explanation remained, and that was based upon the return to sanity of a madheaded sailor who had come to them on a life raft from the unknown, as the only witness of a disaster, and the only living link.

And even while the anxious officials thought of him a group of surgeons and specialists were standing round a cot in a hospital watching this man breathe his last. Now that his importance had increased a hundredfold death was intervening and sealing his lips. He passed away as silently as he had been found, his jumbled clues giving no new and tangible clue. Speechless he had been picked up on a life raft in mid ocean, and speechless he voyaged out into another world.

Night fell over London, infolding a stricken city where none came upon the streets and men within doors whispered to each other, dreading what the morrow might bring forth. The heart of Britain, beating with dogged determination to the last, was broken. America was the master of fate, and could deal out its awards or blows with the inexorableness of a god.

(To be continued in next issue.)

ROGERS' LIVERWORT
Tar and Chinchona
For the complete cure of Coughs, Colds, Asthma and Bronchitis and all Lung complaints tending to Consumption, Liverwort, Tar and Wild Cherry, have for ages maintained an established reputation as a standard Cough Remedy. It contains no opium or harmful drug; can be given with safety to children. Price \$1.00. Sold by druggists, Williams' Mfg. Co., Props., Cleveland, O.

WILL NOT ATTEND.
Paducah Woodmen Forced to Abandon Trip to Wingo.

Woodmen of the World will not attend the unveiling of Sam Headley's monument at Wingo on next Sunday week from Paducah, as satisfactory traffic arrangements can not be made. To reach Wingo they would have to leave here at midnight Saturday and return at midnight Sunday, which would make a wearing trip. Some of the younger members will go from Paducah, as they do not mind the owl railroad schedule. The lodge at Wingo will have charge of the unveiling ceremonies of the former Paducah patrolman and jailer-elect.

PILES! PILES! PILES!
Williams' Indian Pile Ointment will cure Blind, Bleeding and Itching Piles. It absorbs the tumors, allays itching at once, acts as a poultice, gives instant relief. Williams' Indian Pile Ointment is prepared for Piles and itching of the private parts. Sold by druggists, mail 50c and \$1.00. Williams' Mfg. Co., Props., Cleveland, O.

MONTREAL AND QUEBEC.
A veritable edition de luxe amongst railroad pamphlets has just been issued by the Grand Trunk to proclaim amongst tourists the glories of the cities of Montreal and Quebec. The brochure is beautifully printed, and generally arranged in the artistic style of earlier days, when the ornamentation of a volume was regarded as an important incident to its presentation of reading matter. It is also very well written, and gives an interesting description of the two most interesting cities in Canada, with many illustrations from photographs that have not hitherto been published. Sent to any address on receipt of a two-cent stamp. Apply to G. W. Vaux, 917 Merchants Loan and Trust Building, Chicago, Ill.

Notice.
John Zeller, successor to Zeller & Shaffer, blacksmith and woodwork and horseshoeing, solicits the patronage of his friends and the public at large for any work in his line. Satisfaction guaranteed.
JOHN ZELLER.
215-217 Jefferson.

COUNCIL BOARDS ARE TO CONSIDER HIGH LICENSE

Paducah's need of revenue may be helped out now by the advance of the saloon license from \$150 a year to \$500 a year. The thirty days since the legislature passed the act expired last night and today the general council of cities of the second class is free to fix the license up to \$500. It is probable that a called session of the council will be held before July 1, when all of the licenses are renewed. At the special session it is probable that City Solicitor James Campbell, Jr., will present an ordinance fixing a license of \$250 a year on dealers selling malt beverages containing alcohol in quantities less than 2 per cent, while regular saloon license may be \$500 a year.

Mayor Smith is a hearty advocate of raising the liquor licenses of Paducah to \$500. In order to control the sale of the liquor. The power rests with the general council in fixing the exact amount, but it is the general belief that the maximum of \$500 will be charged.

In doing a license of \$250 a year on dealers retailing malt beverages with a taste like beer, but weaker, the city expects to get much revenue and reach a class of dealers that have not been affected by a city license. No doubt the special session of the council will be called and the ordinance passed this month so that they will be in effect July 1, when the saloon keepers will renew their licenses. The issuance of a license to retail liquor does not include the privilege to sell beverages of less strength than 2 per cent alcohol.

IN RIVER

BODY OF CAS SMITH FOUND SATURDAY.

Greaves County Man Who Disappeared Two Weeks Ago—Suggested Accident.

The body of Cas Smith, who was drowned last week in the east fork of Clark's river, was found lodged against the fish trap of a negro three miles down stream Saturday says the Mayfield Monitor. The body had been missing for several days, and nothing could be found of it until the negro went to his trap early Saturday morning and found the body. It was in a badly decomposed condition and was covered with mud as the waters have been very high for the past several days.

Smith left his home more than a week ago to go to a neighbor's to borrow some milk, and en route he had to cross a creek. Nothing was seen of him alive after that, but his bucket was found lodged against a drift a short distance down stream two days later.

News of Theatres

The beginning of the second week's engagement of the Hutton-Bailey Stock company at Wallace park has started out very favorably, and every one is unanimous in declaring it to be the best company that has ever played the park. There is a briskness about all their performances that makes it enjoyable to all. There are specialties between the acts which takes up all the usual long tedium "wait." This company has not burdened us with "blood and thunder" plays, but instead has given us good wholesome moral plays. Last night the bill was "The Gambler of the West," and was one of the best plays yet presented. Tonight "The Flower of the South" will be the bill. This is a play on the order of "The Girl From the Golden West." "Heir to the Hoosier," etc. Specialties are changed every night. Prices will remain 10c and 20c this week.

YOU DON'T HAVE TO WAIT
Every dose makes you feel better. Last-Po keeps your whole inside right. Hold on the money-back plan everywhere. Price 10 cents.

HOTEL ARRIVALS

Palmer—H. E. Shipplott, St. Louis; W. L. Reed, Evansville; T. F. Broadhurst, Concord, N. H.; M. Horn, St. Louis; T. R. Powell, Washington D. C.; C. A. Price, Madisonville; Golder, Johnson, Hickman; W. T. Mangum, Dresden, Tenn.; A. P. Church, Nashville; H. M. Smaltz, Ft. Wayne, Ind.; W. E. Frazier, Guthrie, Belvedere—Emil Zens, Milwaukee; W. H. Bullman, Evansville; W. J. Hagun, San Francisco; J. Alexander, St. Louis; W. Trummel, Metropolis; T. A. Grubbs, Sharp; G. W. Downs, Murray; R. C. Stamper, Indianapolis; H. C. Ferguson, Harrisburg, N. C.; J. B. Allen, Guthrie.

New Richmond—B. J. Davis, Peters Landing, Tenn.; Joseph Crider, Decaturville, Tenn.; P. Brunner, Cincinnati; A. Y. Goodman, Perryville, Tenn.; Nettle Biggs, Cape Girardeau; C. A. Brasher, New Madrid, Mo.; J. H. Chandler, Zanesville, O.; R. A. Morrow, Danville, Ky.; J. H. Schmidt, St. Louis.

INFLAMMATION OF THE KIDNEYS

In home talk "Kidney trouble" is inflammation of the kidneys without attention. "Bright's Disease" is inflammation of the kidneys with attention. In such case the real trouble is INFLAMMATION OF THE KIDNEYS, hence a cure for one must be a cure for the other. There has been no cure for either.

But many kidney troubled people will get well! True—because inflammation of the kidneys unless severe commonly gets well at first. But if it does not yield early and the inflammation persists, the real trouble begins.

You can see why kidney disease has been incurable and why the deaths have risen to over 170 per day—up to the discovery of Fulton's Renal Compound there was nothing known that would reduce inflammation of the kidney tissues.

The old kidney medicines were a misconception, irritating the inflamed dignities to renewed efforts instead of allaying the inflammation, some of them being actually harmful. Result—physicians have abandoned them.

No matter whether you call it "kidney trouble," "Nephritis," or "Bright's Disease," if it has been hanging on a few months recovery can be only hoped for through this specific. It has a proven efficiency in nearly 87 per cent of all cases. It is the only thing known that combats inflammation in the kidneys, which is the real difficulty with kidney troubled people.

Literature mailed free. JOHN J. FULTON CO., OAKLAND, CAL. W. H. McPherson, Paducah, Ky., is our sole local agent. Ask for His Monthly Bulletin of late recoveries.

DISEASED BRAIN

BELIEVED BY OPERATION OF PADUCAH SURGEONS.

Believed to Be Step Forward in Brain Treatment—May Save Many Unfortunates.

Physicians all over the country will be interested in the case of Florence Hines, the ten-year-old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. James Hines, of Massac in the county, who was operated on for a brain disease by Drs. Q. L. Shelton, of Massac, H. B. Sights and C. L. Johnson, of Paducah, last Wednesday. Following an attack of typhoid fever the girl had grown worse from a brain affection until she became unmanageable and screamed at intervals with a force that meant death if not relieved. On consultation with the Paducah physicians it was decided that the skull was pressing on the brain causing the distressing symptoms, and an operation to relieve the pressure was decided upon. In this they were only partly guided by medical science as much of their undertaking was an experiment. Since the operation the wonderful improvement in the patient convinces the doctors that a step forward in the treatment of brain diseases, has been made.

A small button was removed from the side of the head, and the theory of brain pressure was proven correct by the protrusion of the membrane that this was not enough, and in cutting into the membrane they could not be guided by science. It was done, however, and the outflow of a yellowish liquid proved their theory of a diseased condition in the brain. The girl is now rapidly recovering and the doctors believe that many similar cases that were sent to the asylum may be saved to the same operation.

The Evening Sun—For a Week.

FIRST MEETING

IN NEW CAPITOL IS BY EDUCATIONAL ASSOCIATION.

Meets in Frankfort Today With Large Attendance—Governor Delivers Welcome Address.

Frankfort, Ky., June 16.—The thirty-seventh annual session of the Kentucky Educational association convened here today, and already the advance guard of 1,000 teachers from all over the state are in attendance. President C. C. Adams, of Williams town, will get in tonight and open headquarters. The association will be in session three days. A most extensive program has been arranged for the gathering which will be one of the most pretentious of the kind ever held in Kentucky.

It is the plan to hold the first session this morning in the new capitol building. This will be the first public assemblage to convene in the new statehouse, and those in charge deem it most fitting that such an assemblage should be one representative of the highest educational interests of the commonwealth.

Gov. Wilson delivered the address of welcome to the teachers on behalf of the state while Superintendent of Public Instruction J. T. Riddle spoke on behalf of the educational department of the welcoming address on behalf of Frankfort. President Adams is shown for a response.

Cynodontia Night Riders.
Cynthiana, June 16.—The trial of four out of seven alleged night riders was called here today. A special venire was ordered summoned from which the jury will be selected tomorrow.

The Evening Sun—For a Week.

CUT PRICE SALE

OF
Men's and Boys'
SUITS

See the Display in
Our Clothing Window

MEN'S SUITS---3 Piece and 2 Piece

\$12 and \$15 values go at.....\$6.48
\$15 and \$18 values go at.....\$7.48 and \$7.98
\$10 and \$12 values go at.....\$6.88

And so on.

YOUTH'S SUITS

\$5 values go at.....\$2.75
\$7.50 values go at.....\$3.98
\$10 values go at.....\$5.98

CUT PRICES ON MEN'S AND WOMEN'S CANVASS SHOES

We have all the latest cuts in white and grey. Go at greatly reduced prices.

THE MODEL

"Cheap Cash Store." 112 South Second, Paducah.

DOYLE CULLEY & Co.
445 1/2 4th BROADWAY
OUTFITTERS TO MEN AND BOYS

WE have more trouble buying our clothes than anybody in town, but the bother we have gone through saves you from any delay in selection. We know so thoroughly what you expect from a best shop that we don't purchase clothes below your level of style and quality. We ask what such suits are justly worth, and return money if you want it.

THE LOCAL NEWS

—Forms for real estate agents for sale at this office.
—"East Lynne" at Kozy theater Tuesday, June 16.
—Dr. Gilbert, osteopath, 400 1/2 Broadway, Phone 196.
—We can give you the finest carriages in the city for wedding, ball and theater calls. Our prices are lower than those charged for like service in any city in America. Our service is second to none, and the best in this city. Palmer Transfer Company.
—Mr. H. C. Hollins has left the city for a few months, and I have acquired an interest in his business and shall look after it for him. Any information with reference to any branch of it will receive prompt attention if you will call up The Sun office. Both phones 358. E. J. Paxton.

—If you want to see how Brunson's Lawn Grass Seed grow, look in L. W. Henneberger's show window, planted May 16th.

—Visit Page's short order restaurant, 123 South Second.

—For home numbers, door plates, brass stenosis, brass and aluminum cheeks of all kinds, rubber type signs, markers. See The Diamond Stamp Works, 115 South Third, Phone 358.

—"East Lynne" at Kozy theater Tuesday, June 16.

—Cameras, Cameras, Cameras, and Kodak supplies of all kinds at R. D. Clements & Co.

—To rid your chicken house of mites and lice use Lee's lice killer, M. J. Yopp Seed Co.

—City subscribers to The Daily Sun who wish the delivery of their papers stopped must notify our collectors or make the request direct to The Sun office. No attention will be paid to such orders when given to carriers. Sun Publishing Co.

—Harter & Williams' new barber shop, 112 South Fifth street, back of Walker's drug store.

—At Kozy theater, "East Lynne," Tuesday, June 16. The most popular emotions, drama ever staged. There are few people who have not seen this tragic and pathetic play at some time or other, at least once in their lives, and the others have heard of it. Now everyone can see this high class production at the Kozy theater for 5 cents.

—The Woman's Home Missionary society, of the Methodist church will meet at the home of Mrs. Nettie Donnell, 312 Ashbrook avenue, this evening at 7:30 o'clock. Every member is requested to be present. Wednesday evening at the church Mrs. Hull will deliver an address. A cordial invitation to all.

—Just received a complete line of Paducah's perfume and toilet water. Elliott's drug store, 302 Broadway.

—The Rev. Cap Owen will give a lecture at the city hall Thursday evening at 8 o'clock. His subject

Fine Cigars in a Fine Case

It is an old saying that "clothes do not make the man," but when it comes to cigars, and the facilities for storing them and keeping them in condition, the reverse is true. You can take the best cigar in the world and, unless it is kept just moist enough, the bouquet is entirely lost.

We have just installed the best and largest cigar case and humidifier in West Kentucky. The growth of our cigar business and the immense stock which we carry made it necessary. More than ever, ours is

"The Cigar Store of Paducah."

Gilbert's Drug Store

4th and Broadway

Phone No. 77.

will be: "Origin of Sin With Its Effect on the Human Heart and Its Cure."

—Mr. and Mrs. Fred House, of Lone Oak, are the happy parents of a fine baby girl weighing in pounds.
—Mr. and Mrs. Claude Porter 529 South Fifth street, are the happy parents of a fine 13-pound baby boy.

CONFESSED NIGHT RIDER ON STAND

(Continued from page one.)

Barnett Phelps, whose trial was started yesterday but was stopped on account of the serious illness of his child, appeared in the court room and the hearing of the evidence in the prosecution against him began.

Nat Frizzell, one of the negroes whipped, was the first witness called and in his evidence stated that he recognized Phelps, the defendant.

Amos Stringer, Fred Holden and Tom McFarlin among the mob of 25 that visited him.

Also Perry who was also whipped, testified that he recognized only Fred Holden.

Dr. Holt Overbey, of Birmingham who attended the negroes and dressed their bleeding backs after they had been numerically whipped, testified and his testimony evidently had great weight with the jury and was given close attention by those in the court room.

The result of the simple stories of the negroes who were whipped was also given rapid attention by a court room well filled with spectators. That the negroes were still frightened and intimidated was shown by their conduct on the stand and their testimony was drawn from them by the prosecuting attorneys.

Don Odom testified that he saw Phelps, Holden and two other men one of whom he thought was Wick Warr, at the point where the telephone wires were cut before the shooting. He saw the same men returning from the direction of Stringer's house and heard Phelps say in passing that "old man Stringer is badly hurt and may die."

Odom said he was hiding in the bushes to escape the mob when he overheard the conversation.

GIVES WARNING ANENT PASSES
Commerce Commission Threatens Carriers With Prosecution.

Washington, June 16.—Violations of the anti-pass provision of the railroad rate law have been reported to the interstate commerce commission and the commission issued a drastic order threatening offending roads with prosecution. The order says:

"Many abuses in the issuance and use of passes have been discovered by the commission, which it is desired to correct, and to this end, and because of the misinterpretation of the law by carriers, generally, the commission at this time makes an announcement that it will recommend the indictment and prosecution of all carriers and persons issuing passes to or allowing the use of passes by any persons not included within the designated classes to whom free transportation may be given by carriers."

Jersey Woman Courts Starvation When Death Vision Falls.
Paterson, N. J., June 16.—Mrs. Anna Kleckla, who was scheduled to die today by reason of a vision she had three weeks ago, is still healthy and round at the Passaic general hospital. When she found this morning that she was not dying at the hour appointed, 6 o'clock, she refused to take nourishment. During the day, however, the physicians and nurses prevailed upon the woman to eat.

Don't Tire Easily when Grape-Nuts
food is a regular part of your diet.

Made from Wheat and Barley which gives natural strength and a clear brain.

"There's a Reason"

IN SOCIAL CIRCLES

Curney-Hale.

Miss Agnes Curney, of Mayfield, who is well known in Paducah, and Mr. Charles Hale, formerly of this city but now of Louisville, will be married Wednesday morning at 8 o'clock at the Baptist church in Mayfield by the Rev. Mr. Pettit. They will go to Louisville to live. Miss Curney is the oldest daughter of Mr. Stephen Curney and is a niece of Judge Lawrence Anderson. She has visited Mrs. L. A. Albritton, of this city, frequently. Mr. Hale is division manager for the Singer Sewing Machine company in Louisville.

Taylor-Blackburn.

Miss Audrey Taylor and Mr. Clifford Blackburn will be married this evening at the residence of Mrs. M. E. Ham, 313 North Sixth street, by the Rev. G. T. Sullivan, of the Broadway Methodist church. Miss Caroline Ham will be maid of honor and Mr. Ross Hill best man. Following the ceremony a reception will be given at the Palmer House.

Flag Day Party.

Miss Lettie Smith and Mrs. Clarence Bennett entertained their classes of the primary department of Broadway Methodist church Monday afternoon from 1 to 6 o'clock at Miss Smith's home, 521 North Seventh street. The party celebrated Flag Day and a patriotic program was carried out. The house was decorated with red, white and blue bunting. Rustic seats and a real cherry tree were on the lawn, where the children were served with lemon and cakes. Mrs. Bennett read a selection, "Our American Flag," and a pretty duet was sung by Misses Mary and Anna Smith, followed by "The Story of the Flag," by Miss Lucy Moore. Miss Lucyette Soule sang effectively "Hail to Old Glory," and Miss Mary Hyrd played a medley of national airs as a piano solo. A recitation, "The Flag of Betty Ross," was given with spirit by Miss Ruth Johnson, and the program was closed by the classes singing "America."

Small flags were given to each guest as souvenirs. The invitations had been souvenir post cards showing the flag.

Surprise Party.

Little Miss Hazel Jones, 1905 South Seventh street, gave a delightful surprise party last night to Miss Elizabeth Augustus, of 1009 South Seventh street. The lawn was prettily decorated with Japanese lanterns and the young people had an enjoyable evening with games and other happy diversions. Ice and cakes were served as refreshments.

Delightful River Trip.

A coterie of society girls, known as the "Sewing Society," will take the round trip up the Tennessee river with some of their young men friends, leaving Wednesday evening on the handsome steamer Clyde, of the St. Louis and Tennessee River Packet company. The girls will take loads of sewing materials with them and a most delightful trip is anticipated. The scenery along the river at this time of the year is beautiful.

Mrs. R. Coleman, of 1625 Jefferson street, will chaperone the party, which will include Misses Blanche Hill, Belle Cave, Ethel Brooks, Little Mae Whitstead, May Owen, Della Coleman and Fannie Coleman; Messrs. David Koger, John Brooks, H. C. Foss, Fred Wade, Hank Dewey, Frank Boone, Walter Iverson and Wallace Well. The party will return next week.

Mr. Richard Scott and Company.

On Saturday evening Mr. Richard Scott, assisted by Mrs. David Flournoy and some of Paducah's best musical talent, will give an entertainment at Wallace park Casino for the benefit of the Church Furnishing society of the First Christian church. Mr. Scott and Mrs. Flournoy will be seen in an original sketch and the program will have solos, instrumental and vocal, with other pleasing numbers. It is the first local talent entertainment of the season at the park and a large crowd doubtless will be present.

Shiloh Party.

Mrs. John J. Dorlan and eighteen members of her school will leave Wednesday evening on the steamer Clyde for the round trip up the Tennessee river. The destination of the party is the Shiloh battlefield, which they will study from an historical viewpoint. They will return next week on the steamer. In the party will be, besides Mrs. Dorlan, Misses Marceline Huddle, Margaret Lydon, Jessie Goureaux, Aveyre Goureaux, Elizabeth Robinson, Nellie Grogan, Emma Cremons, Mary Dorlan, and Mesdames B. B. Bradley, Katie Weltlauf, Lulu Bright, Kate Grogan and Messrs. Pat Edward Grogan, Conroy Dorlan, Charles Dorlan, Will Isaman, Fowler Post and Radford Campbell.

Evergreen Grove.

Mrs. Pete Duperreux, of 1117 North Twelfth street, will entertain Evergreen Grove, of the Woodmen Circle, on Wednesday afternoon at 2:30 o'clock at her home.

Mr. C. G. Nuckols left today on a business trip to Kuttawa and Eddyville.

Capt. Wm. L. Reed, U. S. A., arrived in the city this morning from Cairo and went to Princeton.

Mrs. B. F. Page is ill at her home, 1030 Trimble street.

Mrs. M. B. Nelson, of Cincinnati, is visiting friends in the city.

Attorneys Charles K. Wheeler and

W. A. Berry went to Benton this morning to attend the session of court.

Marshall William McClendon, of Kuttawa, went to Benton this morning to attend court.

Mr. and Mrs. Fred Walker, of South Sixth street, are the parents of a fine eleven pound boy, born last night.

Mrs. J. D. Hancock has returned to her home at Nashville after a visit with her sister, Mrs. W. E. Spence, of 926 South Fourth street.

Miss Nell Hook, of Hardinsburg, Ky., arrived today to visit Mrs. Luke Straub, of 1014 Harrison street.

The Misses Lake and Hirtchle, of Smithland, are visiting their aunt, Mrs. S. L. Davis, of 905 North Seventh street.

Miss Virginia Newell left this afternoon for Paris, Tenn., to spend the summer with her mother, Mrs. T. J. Newell. Miss Newell will return in September to resume her music class, which is practically full now. Miss Eunice Robertson accompanied Miss Newell to Paris for a visit.

Mr. Vernon Merritt, local manager for E. J. O'Brien & company, of Louisville, buyers for the French government in the tobacco markets, has returned from Clarksville, Tenn., where he went on business.

Mrs. Frank Lucas will return today from a visit in Mayfield.

Mr. and Mrs. J. R. Martin have returned to their home in Greenville after visiting Mrs. Pat O'Brien, of Tenth and Jefferson streets.

Mr. Frank Cheek will leave tomorrow for Hot Springs, Ark., where he has secured a position for the summer.

Miss Retta Hanfield, of Seventh and Monroe streets, is visiting in Princeton.

Miss Lizzie Singleton, of Eighth and Madison streets, has gone to Chicago to take a summer course in Chicago University.

Mrs. H. S. Wells, Mrs. M. E. Lesh, Mrs. George B. Hart and little daughter Virginia, left Monday for Boston by way of New York.

Miss Kathleen Leigh, of Chicago, has returned to her home after a visit to Mr. O. P. Leigh and Miss Ora V. Leigh.

Mr. and Mrs. George Johnson and child have returned to their home in Atlanta, Ga., after a visit to Mrs. J. M. Hart on South Fifth street.

Mrs. Whitmore Stephens and little Miss Margaret Stephens, of Benton, are the guests of Mrs. James Foster, of the Smith apartments on South Fifth street.

Mrs. C. M. Holloway and daughter Christina, of Grand Rivers, who have been visiting Mrs. J. S. Ross on Harrison street, left Monday for Boston accompanied by Mrs. Ross' children.

Mr. George C. Wallace and Mr. Robert Wallace have returned from Princeton, N. J., where Mr. Wallace was graduated. Miss Frances Wallace stopped in Alexandria, Va., for a visit.

Mrs. H. T. Heesig, of 605 South Eighth street, left last night for a two weeks' stay at French Lick Springs, Ind. Then Mrs. Heesig will go to Dayton, O., on a visit to Dr. Heesig's aunt, Mrs. Mary Celarius, who will accompany her on a trip to Niagara Falls.

Ben Tinsley, of Carthageville, Mo., was the guest of Patrolman Aaron Hurley yesterday. Mr. Hurley and Mr. Tinsley were schoolmates, and were reared together at Newbern, Tenn. They have not seen each other for 23 years, and when on a business trip at Cairo, Mr. Tinsley came to Paducah to locate his old friend. Mr. Tinsley has been county clerk at Carthageville for six years.

Miss Elizabeth Yopp and Mrs. Akin left yesterday for Duncansburg, Ky., to visit.

Miss Fannie Hunter, of Riverside hospital, has gone to Owensboro on her two weeks' vacation.

Miss Ora Hargrove, of Riverside hospital, has returned from Hardwell where she spent two weeks with friends while on her vacation.

Mrs. Harry Johnston, of 191 South Sixth street, will return this evening from Central City and Owensboro, where she has been on a visit.

Mr. and Mrs. C. H. Sherrill left today for Omena, Mich., to spend the summer.

AGREEMENT IN PHILIPPINES.
Insular Commission and Assembly Get Together on Appropriations.

Manila, June 1.—After many extended and apparently hopeless conferences the insular commission and the Philippine assembly have finally arrived at an agreement upon the general appropriation bill, which, it is believed, both the commission and assembly will ratify. The compromise measure appropriates \$6,800,000 pesos, the assembly making a concession of nearly 1,500,000 pesos. The appropriations agreed upon in the bill are practically the same on the actual expenditures last year.

The commission declined to assent to the reduction in salaries and the consolidation of some of the bureaus, as proposed by the assembly. The personnel of the various bureaus and departments remains unchanged.

COL. "ACE" MATTHEWS DEAD.
Illinois Politician Passes Away at Home in Pittsfield.

Pittsfield, Ill., June 16.—Col. A. C. Matthews, a well known politician and once a candidate for lieutenant governor on the Republican ticket, died at his home in this city.

Col. Matthews was commander of the Illinois department of the Grand Army of the Republic during 1907.

"East Lynne" at Kozy theater Tuesday, June 16.

NEWS OF COURTS

Police Court.

Will Smith, alias Hawk, and Will Ware, colored, were dismissed this morning in police court on a charge of petit larceny. The defense proved that the junk had been given to the negroes by a foreman, and in his remarks Judge Cross said he could not see why a foreman should take the authority to give his employers' property away. The rope was known as junk and was not worth \$20. Other cases on the docket were: Petit larceny—Willis Dunlap, colored, continued until June 17; Flora Willis, colored, left open. Concealed weapon—D. E. Doran, \$25 and costs.

In Bankruptcy.

Judge E. W. Bagby, referee in bankruptcy, sent a certificate of review to Louisville today for a hearing before Judge Walter Evans. The review is in the case of the Paducah Furniture company by the trustee, John Rock seeks to review the action of the referee in disallowing his claim as trustee for extra services. His claim amounts to \$700. The case will be heard in several days.

Obituary.

Died, on the night of June 12, 1908, the infant daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Louis Harris. May God comfort their sorrowing hearts, especially the mother, who now feels her loss is irreparable. May He help her to become reconciled and live and bye look with glad eyes to other shores, where her baby is waiting for her, not with the pitiful pained body, her loving eyes last gazed upon, but in all the beauty and health which was the pride of her fond heart. Another little lamb has gone.

To dwell with Him who gave. Another little darling babe. Is sheltered in the grave. God needed one more angel child. Amidst His shining band. And so He bent with a loving smile. And clasped your darling's hand.

A FRIEND.

MAINTENANCE WANTED.

Chaplain Ferris at Camp Lincoln Denounces the "Sissy Boys."

Springfield, Ill., June 16.—Chaplain Ferris of Alton, denounced "sissy boys" in his sermon at Camp Lincoln today. He said that they were not needed in the National Guard.

"What I love," said the chaplain, "is a manly man and a womanly woman. I hope there are no mixtures in the Sixth regiment. What we need in time of war is men."

Colonel Chammon, of Rock Island paid his first visit to Camp Lincoln as commander of the Sixth regiment, when the Sixth Infantry arrived today.

There will be no inspection this year, and during the three weeks that regiments will occupy the state grounds time will be devoted to daily drills, evening parade and rifle practice.

SHIPS ASSEMBLE FOR RETURN.
Battleship Fleet Scheduled to Leave San Francisco July 7.

San Francisco, June 16.—Assembling of the warships of the Atlantic fleet in San Francisco harbor preparatory to the beginning of the long homeward voyage across three oceans to Hampton Roads has begun. Only one of the fighting vessels are now in man-of-war row, but at Mare Island navy yard and in dry dock at Hunter's Point are twenty-five fighting craft of various kinds, some of them among the number which will make the long voyage. The ships of the Atlantic fleet now on the northern Pacific coast have been ordered to proceed to San Francisco as soon as possible. The departure of the fleet is set for July 7.

Mr. and Mrs. J. L. Wolf and child have gone to St. Louis on a visit.

STYLE

It's not the shape, it's the color that makes the styles this year. The narrow four-in-hand still leads, but brilliant hues are new and startling factors. We have the latest and brightest.

Have you seen the new belts?

Just received from our New York buyer the latest Eastern novelties in Neckwear.

See window display.

B. W. Wells & Son
400-42 Broadway

It's Time Now 2
Buy

REFRIGERATORS

Hart has the kind that does save the food and ice, hence the cheapest kind to buy. They will not swell and crack, which saves repair bills. They are the kind that stands the hard rubs of time. Besides all this Hart names the

LOWEST PRICE

GEO. O. HART & SONS CO.

Incorporated

WANT ADS.

Subscribers inserting want ads in The Sun will kindly remember that all such items are to be paid for when the ad is inserted, the rule applying to every one without exception.

FOR DRY WOOD New phone 919.
FOR DRY WOOD old phone 2361.

PHANTOM for sale. Apply 603 South 11th.

PIANO for sale—Never been used. Address Reduction, care Sun.

HORSE WANTED at 817 South Fifth. Old phone 2281.

FOR RENT—Nice furnished room for gentleman, 501 Kentucky.

FOR SALE CHEAP—Nice Go-cart, 916 South Third.

FOR SALE—The Kettler boarding house, 321 South Third street.

FOR RENT—Apartment in Sans Souci flats. Apply to W. E. Cochran.

GOOD PASTURES, 200 acres running water. Apply to Lender & Lydon or phone 675 or 1261.

AGENTS to sell our Bank Check Protector. Big money. A. T. Kline, Somerville, N. J.

FOOT SALE—Chomp, Canaries, guaranteed blue singers, also cages. 412 South Third.

FOR SALE—A new No. 5 Oliver typewriter. Price \$75. Mechanics and Farmers bank.

FOR SALE—Horses, six head. Any size and reasonable prices, 126 South Second. Old phone 619.

FOR RENT—Three rooms furnished or unfurnished. J. W. Hughes, 114 Fraternity building.

WANTED—to buy at once, a good gentle family horse. New phone 1135.

WANTED—White woman to do housework in small family in country. Apply 318 Broadway.

WANTED—A good cook can have a good home. None but first class cook need apply. Both phones 1546.

WANTED—Two furnished rooms for light housekeeping by man and wife. New phone 55.

WANTED—Nice second-hand refrigerator cheap. Must be in good condition. Address R., care Sun.

GET OUT that old suit of last year and have it cleaned and pressed by James Duffy, South Ninth near Broadway, and it will look like new.

FOR SALE—One 10-horse power upright boiler and engine at a bargain. Mechanics Foundry and Machine Co., 2114 Washington.

TAKE YOUR CLEANING and pressing to Solomon, the tailor, 522 Broadway. The man who does good work and promptly. Old phone 523-a.

FOR SALE—Credit coupon good for \$70 on any piano in W. T. Miller & Brother's store. Old phone 1293.

FOR RENT—Five room brick house on Kentucky avenue near railroad shops. Apply to Mrs. Girardey, second floor J. A. Rudy & Sons.

LOST—Gold closed face gentleman's watch, on Broadway car last night. Finder return to this office and receive reward.

LOST—Party who picked up five dollars in shoe store returns same no questions will be asked. Return to Sun.

FOR SALE OR RENT—Seven room slate roof brick house, lot 55x165, on Sixteenth between Monroe and Madison. Ring old phone 1562.

J. E. MORGAN horse shoeing, general repairing, rubber tires, 409 South Third.

FOR SALE—Four room house. Bath, hall pantry and two porches. 1220 Clay. Apply on premises or 1601 Tennessee.

FOR SALE—One 14 horse-power gasoline engine, Franklin make. Suitable for gasoline boat. Newly overhauled. Will sell at a bargain. Address V. I. Knowles, care Sun.

LADIES ATTENTION—The reliable Home for ladies before and during confinement. First-class in every way. Fine, airy rooms, first-class physicians and nurse. Good board. Terms moderate. Dr. Mary Howard, Cincinnati, Ohio, 130 Clark street.

WANTED—You to know that The West End Improvement Co. has for sale the most desirable and conveniently located residence lots in and near Paducah, at reasonable prices. Terms \$25 cash and \$5.00 per month if desired. Let us show you. Call on S. H. Caldwell, Real Estate Agent, 129 South Fourth street. Phone 789.

COAL YARD for sale. Best located coal yard in city. First-class equipment, well advertised and good established trade. Reason for selling, other business interests requires attention. Good proposition for right party. Address Coalman, care this office.

WANTED—For U. S. army. Able-bodied unmarried men between ages of 18 and 35; citizens of the United States, of good character and temperate habits, who can speak, read and write English. Men wanted for service in Cuba and the Philippines. For information apply to Recruiting Officer, New Richmond House, Paducah, Ky.

Race Feeling at Seabright.
Seabright, N. J., June 16.—Millionaire "Cottagers" at this exclusive resort are greatly aroused over the effort of J. M. Alger, local resident, to rent a place to negroes. The cottagers here boycotted the ice cream stand of Alger. He wants to bring in negroes for revenge. Cornelius N. Bliss, the Havemeyers, Schiffs, Loels and other millionaire families are among the cottagers.

The Roll Call.
A teacher asked her class to name five different members of the "cat" family. Nobody answered till at last one little girl raised her hand. "Well," said the teacher, encouragingly.

"Father cat, mother cat, and three little kittens!"—Hebrew Standard.

The newest forge does away with the usual bellows, being fitted with a compressed air tank.

Exclusive
Silk Sale

Rudy & Sons
119 2-13 BROADWAY

Exclusive
Silk Sale

An Annual Event===June Silk Clearance Sale

Sale
Begins
9 O'clock

Wednesday and Thursday
June 17 and June 18

Sale
Lasts
Two Days

WEDNESDAY, June 17th, we inaugurate our Annual June Silk Clearance Sale. Our silk sales are looked forward to as an event by the buying public of Paducah and its vicinity, and this year you will find better and more choice silks than we have ever put forward. Embracing our entire line of silks, which includes **Rajahs**, both plain and all colors; **Taffetas**, plain and fancy; **Fancy Foulards**, **Messaline Satins**, **Black Taffetas**, **Silk Grenadines**, all the most choice quality and immense assortment of patterns, priced regardless of cost for these two days.

Each year at this time we take this method of cleaning up our silk stock, giving two days alone to silks at prices which generally clean them up in one day. Of course, at these prices they mean CASH and, owing to the crowds that attend our silk sale, we are unable to take telephone orders.

Whether you need a silk dress now or not, you can afford to buy at these prices and hold for future use, and you can't afford to miss this GREAT SILK BUYING OPPORTUNITY.

Sale begins at 9 o'clock Wednesday morning. Be one of the first in order to obtain the choice of the entire selection.

\$1.00 Black Taffetas 69c

Five pieces guaranteed Black Taffeta Silk, 36 and 32 inch, regular \$1.00 value, at **69c**

59c Foulards and Silks 39c

15 pieces Colored Foulards, brown, black, blue and green, polka dot patterns, regular price 59c, choice **39c**

\$1.00 and 85c Values 49c

All colored Messaline Satins, \$1 to 59c value; all colored Fancy Taffetas, 85c value; Fancy Colored Foulards, 85c value **49c**

25 Waist patterns of Fancy Silk, in colors and stripes, five yard lengths, originally sold at \$5.00 to \$8.00, we offer at **Half Price**

All silk remnant lengths one yard to three, four and five in all colors; silk remnants from our entire spring selling of silks, we offer these at **Half Price**

\$1.40 to \$1.00 Values 69c

Blue, brown, white, navy plain Rajah Silk, 85c value; Fancy Taffetas, all colors, sold at \$1.40 to \$1.00, and all Plain Taffetas, 85c value, specially priced at **69c**

\$1.50 and \$1.00 Values 79c

Fancy Rajah Silks, former price \$1.25; solid color Rajah, regular price \$1; Fancy Taffetas, regular price \$1.50 to \$1.00 value **79c**

\$1.40 Values 98c

Fancy Messaline Foulard in plain or stripe patterns, for dressy party gowns, \$1.40 value **98c**

Rudy & Sons

Silk Sale

Rudy & Sons

BURROWS' SPEECH

(Continued from Page two.)

cers of the army after graduation gives to our officers a higher training in military science and practical needs of actual war than the officers of any other army. By the division of the Artillery Corps into the Field and Coast Artillery the Army has been separated into two branches—the mobile army and that part needed for the maintenance of the coast defenses. Work upon the coast defense has proceeded both upon the mainland and in the dependencies upon a well-devised scheme for their completion. The time is near at hand when we can rest secure that both our mainland coast and our dependencies will be proof against the sudden capture of any seaport in which the nation's flag is flying.

Most important progress has been made in the development of the National Militia as an aid to the Regular Army of the United States. By well-directed legislation and by the activity of the proper bureaus of the war department, for the first time in history of the country adequate steps are being taken to bring about an approximation of armament, equipment, and discipline of the Militia to those of the Regular Army. The importance of this development for national defense can not be overestimated.

The Medical Department has rendered most valuable service in stamping out yellow fever, without which it would have been impossible to construct the Panama Canal. The Army has aided the stricken people of San Francisco, saving them from starvation and death due to the earthquake and fire with which that city was visited.

Insular Work.

Another and most remarkable instance of the efficiency of the Army has been the work done by it during the year of its stay in Cuba as a force for the maintenance of the tranquillization of that island. Not a single report of any abuse by officer or man has reached the Department during the entire time.

The management of our outlying possessions under Republican administration has been attended with remarkable success. Under American occupation and control the commerce of the island of Porto Rico, which in the most prosperous days of Spanish rule aggregated but 22 million dollars, was, in 1907, 56 million. The production of sugar has advanced from 109,000 tons to 201,000 tons, valued at 15 million dollars.

When we took possession of the island there was but one school building owned by the Government. Now there are over 80, built and under construction, and the number of

pupils in the public schools in 70,000. Peace and order prevail throughout the island, and a representative is accorded to United States.

In the Philippine Islands the people have been given a legislative body, the full power of conducting their own municipal and provincial governments, the establishment of their own tariff system, the direction of the postal service, and indeed greater rights and powers than those possessed by any other people subject to our sovereignty. A sound and reliable currency system has been established, schools so enlarged that the number of primary schools now aggregate between 3,000 and 4,000, with a total enrollment in March last of 479,978. Post-offices have been established throughout the archipelago, a free delivery service in the city of Manila, practically 10,000 miles of telegraph and cable lines are in operation, and several hundred miles of new railway are under construction or contract; while less than 10 per cent of the Government employees and municipal officers are Americans, and of the police and constabulary force 28 per cent are Filipinos.

The work of civilizing and uplifting the inhabitants of the Philippine Islands has gone forward with remarkable progress. The President of the United States aptly summarizes the whole matter as follows:

"No great civilized power has ever managed with such wisdom and disinterestedness the affairs of a people committed by the accident of war to its hands. If we had followed the advice of the misguided persons who wished to turn the islands loose and let them suffer whatever fate might befall them, they would already have passed through a period of complete and bloody chaos, and would now undoubtedly be the possession of some

other power which there is every reason to believe would not have done as we have done—that is, would not have striven to teach them how to govern themselves or to have developed them as we have developed them, primarily in their own interests. Save only our attitude toward Cuba, I question whether there is a brighter page in the annals of international dealing between the strong and the weak than the page which tells us our doings in the Philippines.

"Peace prevails" throughout the islands today in a greater degree than ever in the history of the islands, either under Spanish or American rule, and the agriculture is nowhere now impeded by the fear of the part of the farmer of the incursion of predatory bands. Under the policy already stated, inaugurated by the instructions of President McKinley to Secretary Root, in reference to the establishment of a temporary government in the Philippines, a community consisting of 7,000,000 people, inhabiting 300 different islands, many of whom were in open rebellion against the Government of the United States for four years, with all the disturbances following from robber and predatory bands, which broke out from time to time, due to local causes, has been brought to a state of profound peace and tranquillity in which the people as a whole are loyally supporting the Government in the maintenance of order."

The resignation of President Palma of the Republic of Cuba and the failure of the Cuban Congress to elect a successor left that island without a government at a time when great disorder prevailed, and the President deemed it his duty to establish a provisional government, restore order, administer law and justice, but coupled with the an-

nonouncement that this action was preliminary to the reestablishment of the orderly government on the island. The threatened insurrections were averted, peace and good order restored, and the development of production, transportation, and commerce resumed. Public order has been perfectly kept, and at no time for a century has the island been so free from marauding bands as under American provisional administration. Local and national elections are held and the government again turned over to the Cuban people.

Our Navy has been strengthened and today we hold a second place among the naval powers in the world, our fleet of battle ships glides triumphantly around the globe, receiving the friendly salutations of the nations, conveying peace and good will to all the people.

The Department of Justice has prosecuted its work with fidelity and diligence, seeking to prevent viola-

tions of Federal law and to mete out meritorious punishment to the guilty. Its most important work during the past four years has been to defend the soundness of the positions taken by it relating to prosecutions under the Sherman Antitrust Law and the Interstate Commerce Law, by carrying proceedings thus inaugurated through the various courts and to a final determination by the Supreme Court of the United States that the constitutionality of these acts might be adjudicated and settled.

The effort of the National Government to invoke that provision of the Federal Constitution which empowers Congress to regulate commerce with foreign nations and among the States presented problems of great perplexity, the solution of which has been attended with no little difficulty.

The Tariff.

The Tariff Commission, in its last

S.S.S. CURES SKIN DISEASES

When the blood is pure and healthy, the skin will be soft, smooth, and free from all blemishes and eruptions; but when some acid humor takes root in the circulation, its presence is quickly manifested by some form of skin disease. The skin receives its necessary nourishment and strength from the blood. When, however, this vital fluid becomes a humor-laden stream, it can no longer preserve the healthy, natural appearance of the skin, but by its acid, impure nature continually irritates and inflames the delicate tissues and fibres and keeps the cuticle in a diseased and disfigured condition. External applications cannot reach the blood, and therefore are beneficial only for their ability to reduce inflammation, and assist in keeping the parts clean. To cure any skin trouble the blood must be purified of the humors that are causing the trouble. S. S. S. drives out the humors from the blood so that the skin, instead of being irritated and diseased, is nourished by a healthy, cooling stream. S. S. S. goes down into the circulation and removes every particle of impure matter, all acids and humors, and restores the blood to its normal, pure condition, thereby curing every form of skin disease or affection. Book on skin diseases and any medical advice free to all who write.

THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., ATLANTA, GA.

annual report for 1907, says:

"It means much for the present and more for the future that the principles of this law have gained greatly in general understanding and acceptance. By railway managers almost without exception the amended law has been accepted in good faith, and they exhibit for the most part a sincere and earnest disposition to conform their methods to its requirements. To a gratifying extent there has been readjustment of rates correction of abuses by the carriers themselves. Methods and usages of one sort and another which operated to individual advantage have been voluntarily changed, and it is not too much to say that there is now a freedom from forbidden discriminations which is normal and general to a degree never before approached."

The Commission further says:

"It is in this general and marked improvement in transportation conditions that the Commission observed its special gratification. The amended law, with its enforceable remedies, the wider recognition of its fundamental justice, the quickened sense of public obligation on the part of railroad managers, the clearer perception of shippers of all classes that any individual advantage is morally, as well as legally, indefensible, and the augmented influence of the Commission resulting from its offensive practices of every sort and signally promote the purposes for which the law was enacted. This results in the voluntary adjustment by the parties, without resort to the Commission, of a vast number of compromises, which otherwise would ripen into complaint and litigation, while in numerous instances a settlement is effected through correspondence of personal interviews between the shipper and carrier directly concerned."

The ruling of the Commission are generally and cheerfully accepted by the carriers. The traffic officials of the carriers have manifested, to a commendable degree, a disposition and willingness to fairly and carefully consider the merits and complaints thus called to their attention by the Commission, and have voluntarily reduced their rates and applied corrective measures in numerous cases.

In a communication from one of the Commissioners on the 5th of the present month the statement is made that "interstate transportation was never so clean and free from unfair and unwholesome practices at this moment. It may be that here and there venturesome and reckless rail-

(Continued on page seven.)

Hay's Hair Health

Never Fails to RESTORE GRAY HAIR to its NATURAL COLOR

No matter how long it has been gray or faded. Promotes a luxuriant growth of healthy hair. Stops its falling out, and positively removes Dandruff. Keeps hair soft and glossy. Is not a dye. FREE cake of HAYFINA SOAP with each bottle and this ad. for 50c. at the following druggists:

W. H. MITCHELLSON.

WALLACE PARK CASINO

Presents All This Week and Next

THE HUTTON-BAILEY STOCK COMPANY

The Largest and Best Popular Priced Company On the Road

TONIGHT'S BILL:

"Flower of the Ranch"

10c

20c

Doors open 7:30; Curtain Rises 8:30. Performance every night regardless of weather. Take Broadway Cars.

Do You Digest What You Eat?

It is one thing to eat and quite another to digest food. Many people can't do the latter and suffer for years from indigestion without really knowing what is the matter with them. They just know that their "stomach is out of order."

But the most important thing, after all, is to know what is the matter, for then it is easy enough to know what to do. If the stomach is out of order, it is because it is not doing its job properly. It is not digesting the food properly, and it is not absorbing the nutrients properly. This is because the stomach is not getting the right kind of food, or it is not getting the right kind of treatment.

There is a simple way to find out if your stomach is out of order. It is to take a course of Dr. Caldwell's Syrup Pepsin. This is a powerful stomachic and digestive, and it will help you to find out if your stomach is out of order. It will also help you to digest your food properly, and it will help you to absorb the nutrients properly.

FREE TEST—Those wishing to try Dr. Caldwell's Syrup Pepsin before buying can have a free test. This is a simple test, and it will help you to find out if your stomach is out of order. It will also help you to digest your food properly, and it will help you to absorb the nutrients properly.

PEPSIN SYRUP CO.
107 Caldwell Bldg., Monticello, Ill.

IN ADMIRALTY

Frank Rounds vs. Steamboat J. S., etc., in admiralty.

Whereas, a libel was filed in the district court of the United States, for the Western District of Kentucky at Paducah, on the 3rd day of June, 1935, by Frank Rounds vs. Steamboat J. S., etc., her engines, tackle, apparel, furniture, etc., and owners alleging in substance that said steamboat was indebted to him in the sum of two hundred dollars, for damages done his gasoline boat "Messenger," by smashing same up, that said damages had never been paid, and prays process against said steamboat J. S., etc., and that the same may be condemned and sold to pay said claim with cost and expenses.

Now, therefore, in pursuance to the motion under the seal of said court to me directed, I do hereby give public notice to all persons claiming said steamboat J. S., etc., or in any way interested therein, that they be and appear before the district court of the United States in the city of Paducah, Ky., on or before the 3rd day of August, 1935, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day then and there to interpose their claims and to make their allegations in their behalf.

GEO. W. EDNE, U. S. M. W. K. D.
By Elwood Neel, Deputy.

Hagley & Martin, Proctors for Libellant.

All the patent medicines and toilet articles advertised in this paper are on sale at
McPherson's Drug Store
Fourth and Broadway.

ILLINOIS CENTRAL EXCURSION BULLETIN.

Chicago, Ill.—Rephillan National Convention.—Tickets to be sold June 12th to 16th inclusive, limit June 30th. Round trip \$11.00.

Frankfort, Ky.—Kentucky Educational Association.—Tickets to be sold June 15th and 16th, return limit June 20th. Round trip \$8.00.

Evansville, Ind.—Special excursion Tuesday, June 23. Round trip \$1.50. Special train leaves Paducah about 10:40 a. m. June 23, returning leaves Evansville 7 p. m. Wednesday, June 21. No baggage will be checked on these tickets.

Frankfort, Ky.—Kentucky Educational Association. Dates of sale June 15 and 16. Return limit June 20. Round trip \$8.00.

Louisville, Ky.—International Sunday School association. Dates of sale June 13 to 17, and train 104 June 18. Return limit June 26. Round trip \$6.95.

J. T. DONOVAN,
Agent City Office, Paducah, Ky.

R. M. PRATHER,
Agent Union Depot.

KILL THE COUGH AND CURE THE LUNGS

WITH Dr. King's New Discovery
FOR COUGHS, COLDS, AND ALL THROAT AND LUNG TROUBLES.
GUARANTEED SATISFACTORY OR MONEY REFUNDED.

BURROWS' SYRUP

(Continued From Page Six.)

road still indulges in rebates or take other measures to give special privileges to a favored shipper. If so, they will be detected sooner or later and adequately punished, but among the great mass of railroad officials there is an honest and firm effort to cooperate with the Commission in the observance of the law.

"The law has also commanded the respect and obedience of the shipper. From all the letters which have been secured, I believe we are justified in saying that the great and vexing question is in process of ultimate and just settlement, and that under wise, patient action the problem will finally be solved."

"With neither forward none, and dignity for all," proceeding within constitutional lines, the desired end will soon be attained to the benefit of the carrier and shipper alike.

The Republican party stands for a revision and readjustment of our customs laws as changed industrial conditions at home and abroad may have made necessary, keeping steadily in view the cardinal principles of protection to American industries and American labor. As evidence of its good faith in this regard, the national House of Representatives, clothed under the Constitution with exclusive jurisdiction to "originate and appropriate money," on the 20th of April last past, by formal resolution, authorized and directed its Committee on Ways and Means, the organ of the House having jurisdiction of the question, "to sit during the recess of Congress and to gather such information, through governmental agents and otherwise, as it may see fit looking toward the preparation of a bill for the revision of the tariff."

Supplementing this action on the part of the House of Representatives, and cooperating with it, the Senate, in the exercise of its constitutional prerogative to "propose or concur with amendments as other bills," on the 16th of May passed the following resolution:

Resolved, That the Committee Finance are authorized, in connection with investigations heretofore ordered by the senate, with the view of promptly securing the information necessary for an intelligent revision of the customs laws of the United States, to call to their assistance experts in the Executive Department and to employ such other assistance as they shall require; and that they are especially directed to report what further legislation is necessary to secure equitable treatment for the agricultural and other products of the United States in foreign countries, and they shall also, in the consideration of change of rates, secure proof of the relative cost of production in this and in principal competing foreign countries of the various articles affected by the tariff upon which changes in rates of duty are desirable."

"These public declarations by Congress, upon the eve of the election, give the most solemn assurance possible that the work will be speedily undertaken and pressed to early consummation.

In this connection it can be safely predicted that whatever revision of readjustment of the Republican Party, it will give just and adequate

Dr. Stamper DENTIST

Fraternity Building - Room 205
Extracting Teeth and Plate Work a Specialty.

Come to Wilson's

When you want the latest books or newest music.

Call on Wilson

When in need of Pens, Inks, Pencils or other office supplies.

Telephone Wilson

When it's book store stuff that you need.

A Message to Wilson

Will bring you Ice Cream or Sherbet at 50¢ quart.

Hunt Up Wilson

When you suffer a consuming thirst.

It is certainly satisfactory to drink at Wilson's, where good things to drink are served clean.

Wilson, Wilson, Wilson
That's All
313 Broadway

protection to American industries and American labor and defend the American market against the unjust and unequal aggression from whatever quarter they may come.

FINANCES

Our recent financial disturbance challenged the soundness of our monetary condition and brought to the fore the question of our banking and currency system, the consideration of which became and continues to be a subject of pressing and commanding importance.

In the midst of unexampled prosperity, with 6,693 banks under direct supervision and control of the National Government, with a paid-up capital of over 900 millions, a surplus and undivided profits of 750 millions, and an outstanding circulation of 630 millions, secured by United States bonds, every dollar of which was worth its face in gold; with an unprecedented holding of 600 in the Treasury of the United States, yet sudden paralysis seized the banks, national and State, and they were either reluctant or unable to respond to the ordinary and legitimate demands of trade.

Constitution prevailed, confidence shaken, and nothing but the prompt and heroic action of the Secretary of the Treasury averted a widespread and serious catastrophe. President Roosevelt well said, in commending the Secretary of the Treasury:

"I congratulate you upon the admirable way in which you have handled the present crisis. I congratulate also those conservative and substantial business men who, in this crisis, have acted with such wisdom and public spirit. By their action they did invaluable service in checking the panic which, beginning as a matter of speculation, was threatening to destroy the confidence and credit necessary to the conduct of legitimate business."

"No one who considers calmly can question that the underlying conditions which make up our financial and industrial well-being are essentially sound and honest. Discontent, dealing and speculative enterprise are merely the occasional inclusions of our real prosperity. The action taken by you and by the business men in question has been of the utmost consequence and has secured opportunity for the calm consideration which must inevitably produce entire confidence in our business conditions."

That such a disturbance should have occurred under such circumstances furnishes the strongest evidence that there is something inherently defective in the system itself, which can only be reached by a thorough overhauling. But this system, hastily manufactured by Secretary Chase during the exigencies of war, while it has served the country well, is now defective in many respects. It is defective in its inability to respond at all times to the varying and expanding demands of trade, yet during the forty-five years of its existence, has served a wise and beneficent purpose.

Under it the public credit was restored and advanced until our bonds floated at a lower rate of interest than those of any other nation. Under it specie payments were resumed, the gold standard established and maintained, and every paper dollar issued convertible into gold. Under this system, bank issues were driven out of circulation, supplanted by a national currency of unquestioned character and stability.

While other countries have added to their burden of debt, with an increased rate of interest thereon, this nation has paid off 1,494 millions of its obligations, and the present administration has lessened the volume of our indebtedness by \$101,341,628, and in its refunding operations has reduced the annual interest charge from \$39,371,483 to \$21,101,196.

During the period of its existence, with aggregate deposits of 65 billion, the average loss has been only one-half of 1 per cent.

The national banks have served a beneficent purpose in uplifting the credit of the government; in lessening the burden of taxation; in securing a sound and safe currency that floats and pays in our own country as well as in every commercial nation in the world. It has developed the resources of the country, extended its industries, expanded its trade, and added in keeping the pledge of 1893, that the national debt should be as sacred as the soldiers' graves.

That it has its weaknesses is freely admitted. The defects of the system have been recognized from the beginning by practically every Secretary of the treasury, and while remedial changes have been made as these defects have developed, yet the one glaring fault, the want of elasticity, has continued and remains. As

YOUR WORD WILL BE UNDISPUTED

AND YOUR MONEY REFUNDED
Where CARBOZONE FAILS TO CORRECT
Any Disorders of the STOMACH

CARBOZONE regulates the bowels, cures constipation, and stops the fermentation of food, so that the food digests perfectly, and you receive the full strength and nourishment from what is eaten.

CARBOZONE destroys the poisonous germs in the stomach, and neutralizes septic poison in every part of the system, and is both a preventive and a cure.

A few doses relieve distress and the stomach soon digests and assimilates the food. The CARBOZONE is a perfect relief for indigestion in all its forms. Price \$1.00.

If your dealer cannot supply you order direct from
THE CARBOZONE COMPANY
296 Madison Ave. Memphis, Tenn.

early as 1872 Hon. George S. Boutwell, then secretary of the treasury, directed attention to this defect as follows:

"The circulation of each bank is fixed arbitrarily by a rule of law. The aggregate circulation is, therefore, a fixed sum, and consequently there is practically no reserve to meet the increased demand for money due occasionally to extraordinary events at home or abroad, and rising periodically with the income of the harvest."

A degree of flexibility in the volume of currency is essential for two reasons: First, the business of the department can not be transacted properly if a limit is fixed, and the power to raise the circulation above or reduce it below that limit is denied. A rule of this nature would compel the secretary to accumulate a large currency balance and to hold it, as otherwise the credit of the government in meeting the ordinary daily claims upon it would be at the mercy of every serious business and political revolution in the United States.

"Secondly, there is a necessity every autumn for moving the crops without delay from the south and west to the seaboard that they may be in hand for export and consumption as wanted. In the summer months funds accumulate in the centers, but the removal of business in August and September gives employment for large sums and leaves little or nothing for forwarding the crops in October and November."

"The problem is to find a way of increasing the currency for moving the crops and diminishing it at once when that work is done."

Secretary Windom, in 1890, reiterated the warning:

"In my judgment the gravest defect in our present financial system is its lack of elasticity. . . . The demand for money in this country is so irregular that an amount of circulation which will be ample during one month of the year will frequently prove so deficient during the other twelve months as to cause stringency and commercial disaster. Such stringency may occur without any speculative manipulations of money; though, unfortunately, it is often incited by such manipulations."

"The crops of the country have reached proportions so immense that their movement to market, in August and September, annually causes a dangerous absorption of money. The lack of a sufficient supply to meet the increased demand during these months may entail heavy losses upon the agricultural as well as other business interests. Though financial stringency may occur at any time and from many causes, yet nearly all of the great commercial crises in our history have occurred during the months named, and unless some provision be made to meet such contingencies in the future, like disasters may be confidently expected."

The recent panic called the attention of Congress to the necessity of further legislation, and a measure has been passed providing for an emergency currency of \$500,000,000 to be issued under certain conditions and limitations, an authorization, it is believed, which will prevent the recurrence of any such disaster as befell the country last fall. The secretary of the treasury has already taken the necessary steps to give effect to this legislation, and banking associations are already forming to avail themselves of the benefits of this act. It is doubtful if the provisions of this act will ever be invoked, as the ability to supply \$500,000,000 additional currency whenever needed will of itself have a tendency to make its issuance unnecessary.

In the meantime, however, the Republican party is not indifferent to the necessity of a further and comprehensive revision of our monetary and banking system, and to that end the congress just closed authorized the creation of a monetary commission, composed of 18 members of the two houses of congress, clothed with power to inquire into and report to congress at the earliest date practicable what changes are necessary or desirable in the monetary system of the United States or in the laws relating to banking and currency, and for this purpose they are authorized to sit during the sessions or recess of congress, at such times and places as they may deem desirable, to send for persons and papers, to administer oaths, to summons and compel the attendance of witnesses, experts and other assistants as shall be necessary to carry out the purpose for which said commission was created, and to make such investigations and examinations, in this or other countries, of the subjects committed to their charge as they shall deem necessary.

This commission has already organized and entered upon its labors and will diligently prosecute its duties with the hope of formulating a monetary system that will meet every legitimate business need and promote the prosperity of all of our people.

State Department.

But in the broader field of the world's drama, where the nations are actors, our country has taken a conspicuous and commanding part. Having become a world power, our influence is world-wide and always exerted in the interest of peace and the betterment of mankind. When the dispute between Germany and France regarding the right of control in Morocco threatened to involve all Europe in war, the active influence of the United States, both directly and through its representative at the conference at Algeiras, was a potent factor in bringing about a peaceful solution.

The participation of the United States in the Pan-American conference at Rio de Janeiro in August, 1906, and the visit of Secretary Root to that conference, and to all the principal maritime countries of South America, where he was received with universal acclaim, put an end to the suspicion and distrust with which the growing power of the United States was regarded by the Latin-American races, and began a new era of friendship and sympathy between all the American republics. This has been augmented by the secretary's visit to Mexico as the guest of the Mexican republic in October, 1907, and by the visit of our fleet to the chief maritime republics of South America and by the enlarged and greater development of the work of the International Union of American Republics for the dissemination of knowledge and the cultivation of trade and friendly relations between the different American countries, for which all the republics are now uniting in the erection of a splendid building in the city of Washington dedicated to the peace and prosperity of all the Americas.

The United States and Mexico have co-operated in bringing about better conditions, which will put an end to all discord and restore peace and prosperity in Central America. At the instance of the United States and Mexico a peace conference of representatives of all the five Central American countries was held in Washington in November and December, 1907, and at this conference which was attended by representatives of the United States and Mexico, a series of treaties was made of the greatest practical importance, among them being a treaty which provides for a permanent international court for the trial and decision of all questions whatever arising between Central American countries. This court has just been inaugurated in Costa Rica. In this a long step has been taken in the direction of peace and enduring peace in Central America, and the United States has won and receives the gratitude of all these countries.

The building of the Panama canal, the most colossal undertaking of the century, the successful completion of which is now assured, makes it more important to the United States than ever before that there shall be no hostile control of the route between our great Atlantic and Pacific ports and the isthmus. For that reason it is of especial importance that the people inhabiting the islands and shores of the Caribbean shall maintain independent, peaceful and prosperous governments. The policy of the United States to aid in maintaining such governments has been prosecuted with special success during the last four years.

The frightful disorder and bloodshed which had marked the annals of San Domingo for many years have been ended by an agreement with the United States taking the form of a treaty entered into with the approval of the senate, under which, by the simple appointment of an American agent to collect Dominican customs revenues, and apply the surplus toward the payment of the Dominican debts, without landing a soldier or firing a gun, complete peace has been maintained for four years past, the commerce and industry of the island have revived, the revenues have doubled, and the nominal indebtedness of over \$10,000,000 which hung like a pall over the people who had given up all attempts to pay either principal or interest, has been adjusted and settled at less than \$20,000,000, for which interest and sinking fund payments are completely assured by the revenues resulting from the new prosperity.

As a result of this policy, severely criticized at the time of its inauguration, but now generally commended, provisions on the island have been practically ceased, customs laws have been impartially enforced, resulting in an increase of customs collected from \$1,852,299 in 1904 to \$3,428,012 for the year ending March 31, 1908. Out of \$9,103,929 collected in the last three years \$1,000,000 over and above the expenses of the government have been saved for the benefit of creditors.

With the active participation of the delegates of the United States, the second international peace conference at The Hague, in the summer of 1907, entered into agreements which, taken together, have been declared by high authority to constitute one of the greatest achievements of the world.

Eczema is Now Curable.
A St. Louis chemist, after many years of careful experimenting and investigation, has discovered a simple remedy that has cured hundreds of cases of eczema that had been pronounced incurable. This chemist believed that eczema and all itching skin diseases were of local origin and were caused by germs which attacked and fed on the skin. He began to search for a remedy that would destroy these germs, and found that by combining the active principles of certain well known vegetable drugs, and applying them locally, the first application stopped the itching and burning, and it used persistently would drive all germs and their poisons to the surface of the skin, and destroy them, leaving a nice, clear, healthy skin. He gave this remarkable remedy the suggestive name of Zemo, and since its introduction to the public Zemo has proved a very popular remedy and is today recognized the most successful and meritorious remedy ever produced for the relief and cure of eczema and all diseases of the skin and scalp.

LOW SUMMER RATE

POSITION, and to get ready for THE BEST of the fall business is AT DRAUGHON'S PRACTICAL BUSINESS COLLEGE

INDOOR by business men from Maine to California. Catalogue FREE; ask for it. (Incorporated) Paducah, 313 Broadway. Phone 1755.



Chicago's Great European Hotel
The Virginia
Absolutely Fireproof. Rates, \$1.50 and up
A high-class Transient and Residential Hotel, in the most select part of the city—near the lake, convenient to beautiful North Park System. Rooms are harmonious in color, comfortable, airy and cheerful, with private and public baths, single or en suite. Large bright dining hall with most extensive and convenient service. The most exacting patron. Par enough from city noise for a quiet rest, yet within ten minutes' walk of business center. (21 blocks away) in 5 minutes take you to the shopping district, passing all leading theaters. Booklet Free. GEO. W. REYNOLDS, Prop., Rush and Ohio Sts., Chicago

vances ever made toward the reasonable and peaceable regulation of international conduct. Twelve treaties agreed upon at that conference, all designed for reducing the probability or mitigating the horrors of war, have been approved by the senate and ratified by the president of the United States.

Important among these treaties was the agreement proposed and urged upon the conference by the United States under which all the civilized powers agree not to use force for the collection of contract debts claimed by their citizens against other countries, so long as the alleged debtor seeks the protection of arbitration as to the justice and amount of the debt or time and mode in which it ought to be paid. This agreement is a long step toward putting an end to that speculation on the necessities of weak and disordered countries, which relies for the enforcement of exorbitant and fraudulent claims upon the bullying and gunboats of the greater powers.

Following the action of The Hague convention in providing greater facilities for the use of the permanent court of arbitration at The Hague, the United States has put itself upon the basis of the peaceful settlement of international disputes by concluding general treaties of arbitration with England, France, Spain, Portugal, the Netherlands, Denmark, Sweden, Norway, Switzerland, Italy, Mexico and Japan, while many other similar treaties are in course of negotiation.

Under the general treaty with Great Britain, the two countries have agreed to arbitrate before The Hague tribunal the difficult and vexing questions which, for more than a century, have caused so much ill will and controversy regarding the rights of our fishermen in the fisheries on the coasts of Newfoundland and the maritime provinces of Canada. Congress, at its last session, made the necessary appropriations to defray the expense of this arbitration.

The great growth in population and wealth of our Canadian neighbor, has produced a continually increasing accumulation of difficult and irritating controversies arising all along the 2,300 miles of boundary between Canada and the United States. In 1893, so pressing had these questions become, that a joint high commission was created for the purpose of settling them, but the commission dissolved without reaching an agreement. Negotiations for the settlement of these questions have been renewed, and great progress has been made toward their complete settlement.

The surveys appointed by the two countries have nearly completed the marking of the Alaska boundary in accordance with the decision of the tribunal of 1903; a new treaty has been made for the adjustment of all other questions relating to the determination of the boundary from the Atlantic to the Pacific; the north-eastern fisheries question is about to be disposed of by an agreement for arbitration under the general treaty; a new treaty has been made for the making and enforcement of joint regulations for the preservation of the food fish supply in all the boundary waters, including both the Great Lakes and the Atlantic and Pacific waters.

The questions between Japan and the United States, which caused so much public excitement in the year 1907, have been disposed of to the satisfaction of the people of both countries. The friendship and sympathy between the two governments have now been signaled by the general treaty of arbitration concluded between them, by the invitation and acceptance of the invitation for the visit of our fleet at Tokyo, and by the response of the United States to the invitation of Japan to participate in the great exposition which is to be held at Tokyo in the year 1912, for which congress has authorized the expenditure of one million and a half dollars, the greatest sum ever appropriated for a foreign exposition.

The unfriendly feelings among the people of China which grew out of the enforcement of the Chinese exclusion law and led to the boycott of American goods have disappeared, and American trade in China has been restored to its natural course. The United States has secured the assent of all the nations having possessions in the Orient to a united effort with China to put an end to the curse of opium in the Orient, and an international conference, under the leadership of the United States, has been agreed upon to meet at Shanghai on the 1st of next January for the purpose of devising and formulating an international agreement to prevent its production, sale and use.

Threatened tariff wars between

LARK'S KIDNEY GLOBES

Guaranteed Cure for all Kidney and Bladder Diseases.

SMALL AS A PILL EASIER TO TAKE

Two doses give relief, and one box will cure any ordinary case of kidney or bladder trouble. Removes Gravel, cures Diabetes, Seminal Emissions, Weak and Lame Back, Rheumatism, and all irregularities of the Kidneys and Bladder in both men and women. Sold at 50 cents per box on the cure no pay basis by McPherson's Drug Store, Fourth and Broadway, sole agent for Paducah, or sent by mail upon receipt of price by Lark Medicine Co., Louisville, Ky.



ON THE BOARD WALK!

HEADACHE

"My father had been a sufferer from sick headache for the last twenty-five years and never found any relief until he began taking your Cascarets. Since he has begun taking Cascarets he has never had the headache. They have entirely cured him. Cascarets do what you recommend them to do. I will give you the privilege of using his name."

M. M. Jackson, 1125 Reservoir St., W. Madison, Ind.

Best for The Bowels

CANDY CATHARTIC

Annual Sale, Ten Million Boxes

Men and Women.

Use Big Box for men and women. It contains 10 boxes of Cascarets. It is the best for men and women. It is the best for men and women. It is the best for men and women.

FOUR PEOPLE PASS THE 100,000 MARK MANY OTHERS SO CLOSE TO IT THAT THESE ARE ANXIOUS DAYS AT THE TOP

Are You Going to Win the \$20 in Gold—If Not, Why Not?—Are You Making the Effort the Special Deserves—Help at the Finish You Know.

A.W. STEWMAN LEADS DISTRICTS

Closely Followed By Misses Mern Nichols, Laura Street and Ella Hill and Mosses, Joseph Desberger and Chas. Denker—Great Touch of High Scores.

\$20 in Gold This Week.

No furniture this week, no watches, just a nice little picture of the great American eagle or the Goddess of Liberty on gold—just a wee bit of a \$20 gold piece. No indication as to whether you want a bed room set, desk or a chair—only a little trip to The Sun office Monday morning for \$20 in gold. Twenty dollars for one week's work, you to make your own office hours you to be your own boss, you to spend both your time and the money just as you want to. All we require is results—you do the rest. Here's an opportunity for some one to earn a little vacation money or for some one who may be out of employment to win a few of the necessities of life. You can win it—Are you going to? The secret of success is work.

Standing at the Close of Balloting Monday at 6:00 P. M.

DISTRICT 1.

Miss Ella Hill	100,005
Joe Desberger	98,825
Miss Elsie Hodge	75,021
James Wood	53,783
Marian Noble	45,070
Mrs. Ella Hise	43,222
Myrt Latellie	30,210
Miss Ida Ashby	22,271
Miss Nellie Schwab	18,310
J. L. Dunn	15,447
Miss Thelma Hyburn	10,974
Mrs. T. L. Roeder	7,697
Jas. Hollich	7,516
Fred McCreary	7,305
Miss Blanche Anderson	4,604
Miss Carrie Ham	4,500
Geo. C. Bauer	3,408
Mrs. Harry Garrett	3,415
Miss Maude Thibault	2,745
Alfred Robertson	2,437
Miss Pearl Griffin	2,203
Catharine Thomas	2,212
P. R. Fowler	1,402
Shirley McIntyre	1,815
L. P. Gore	1,477
Miss Geraldine Gibson	675
Miss Mary Bonbrant	630
Miss Jennie Caesar	597
Miss Ruby Canada	505
Harry Larkins	585
A. A. Baisley	561
Leon R. Gleaves	560
Geo. Watts	500

DISTRICT 2.

Miss Mern Nichols	101,677
A. W. Stewmann	102,601
Chas. Denker	91,288
Mrs. E. E. Hink	22,382
Miss Dora Martin	20,550
Jesse Vallandigham	18,895
Mrs. John Keltley	15,200
Miss Kate Mummaeuer	12,411
James Murray	10,535
Miss Maude Russell	21,200
Miss Lizzie Edgington	9,510
Ruby Cohen	8,475
Miss Maude Haynam	8,486
H. G. Johnston	20,300
Miss Lizzie Vaughan	10,443
E. L. Wilson	7,201
Miss Jennie Douglas	6,208
Miss Ethel Seamon	6,000
Lee Walston	3,257
Miss Murrell Smedley	2,001
Thomas Potter	2,565
C. G. Kelly	2,210
Leo Haag	1,841
A. C. Mitchell	1,810
Jeff A. Reed	1,601
Miss Bettie Speck	13,591
John Bryant	1,145
Miss Corinne Whistend	1,025
James Rickman	1,005
Geo. A. Hammond	720
Henry Bailey	593
C. E. Miller	570
H. J. Shelton	565
Miss Alma Adams	560
Joseph Arts	555
Mrs. G. T. Brookshire	555

DISTRICT 3.

Miss Laura Street, Ky.	101,153
Arthur Switzer, Paducah R. F. D.	80,300
Miss Carrie Chiles Metropolis, Ill.	76,771
J. H. Dugger, Paducah R. F. D.	77,606
Miss Vera Dodson, LaCenter Ky.	75,237
Miss Mabel Mayers, Brookport	60,230

Miss Myra Oliver, Fulton, Ky.	51,200
A. C. Hancock, Paducah R. F. D.	31,918
Miss Bettie Seyster, Sultland, Ky.	10,922
Miss Alice Russell, Ky.	10,450
Julius Starks, Benton, Ky.	10,016
Sam J. Brown, Paducah R. F. D.	8,805
C. K. Lamond, Paducah R. F. D.	8,315
Miss Ruby Ebeck, Mayfield, Ky.	6,900
Paris Ellison, Murray, Ky.	5,717
Miss Treva Cochran, Murray, Ky.	5,550
Miss Rosetta Gishart, Paducah R. F. D.	4,500
Miss Lena Madden, Wingo, Ky.	4,500
J. J. Lane, Paducah R. F. D.	3,570
A. Legey, Paducah R. F. D.	3,400
Miss Dora Draffen, Calvert City, Ky.	2,658
Henry Temple, Maxon Mill, Ky.	2,565
Gay C. Hanberry, Eddyville, Ky.	2,000
Clifton Senter, Paducah R. F. D.	1,080
Miss Mae Matthews, Kuttawa, Ky.	13,731
B. C. Harley, Paducah R. F. D.	13,525
Bernard Kross, Paducah R. F. D.	14,115
John Theobald, Jr., Paducah R. F. D.	14,110
Henry Hauser, Paducah R. F. D.	14,095

Four people now have more than a hundred thousand votes, and the contest is just half over. When it started the wildest estimates placed the top figures of the contest at far less than that. But this is no ordinary little contest. More than two score of very active contestants are fighting daily for a standing. Their votes are not all cast. The figures in the paper represent just what they wish to have voted and no more. So you never can tell who is ahead in reality by the way the figures show the matter up in the score column. But the figures printed are strong enough to give an inkling of the way things will stand at the finish. If your friend is not where you think he or she ought to be get busy and put him in the right place.

Mr. A. W. Stewmann is now in the lead of all the districts but his lead is so slight as not to indicate anything of the real strength of those at the top. Miss Mern Nichols, of the same district, occupies the second place of honor, with Miss Laura Street, of district 3 in third place and Miss Ella Hill, whose has been for some days leading the race, now has the fourth position. Mr. Joe Desberger, of district 1 is fifth, and Mr. Chas. Denker, of district 2, is sixth, having made the greatest advance of the day.

Twenty Dollars in Gold.

Everybody is out after the special prize for the week, the precious \$20 gold piece. It isn't so big a prize as the specials that have been offered before and have been won, but it is cash and that means a whole lot. Get the cash and you can invest it any way you please and there is no one to dictate how you shall spend it unless you happen to have a husband or a wife to attend to those sort of money matters for you.

At any rate the prize is bigger than the special that will be offered next week and the week after, so it will pay you to sit right down with that list of your friends and either call them up over the phone or get on their trail and make them come across at once with those subscriptions they promised you several weeks ago. Tell them the truth that the subscriptions will do you a heap sight more good now than they will at any time later.

The Limit's Off.

Remember that the limit of voting is off now and anyone can cast any number of votes that he or she may be disposed to have appear opposite his or her name in the score column. That does not mean that it is time to go on a vote jag and give your hand away to the enemy. It means that there is no restriction from this office. The contest man has a number of reserve votes belonging to various candidates and has not yet received no instructions as to how to cast them. He is communicating with contestants as rapidly as possible in regard to the matter. Call him up if he has not called you and tell him how many votes you wish to have placed to your credit from the reserve you have on deposit, or tell him to send you the votes and you will send them in as you see fit.

Who Are Eligible?

Any white person, man or woman, of good character, residing in the territory covered by The Sun may become a candidate for the honors and the prizes in The Paducah Sun's Greatest Popularity Contest.

Duration—Awards.

The contest starts with today's announcement and will continue until July 4, at 9 p. m., at which time a committee of well-known and trustworthy citizens will be chosen to determine who are entitled to the prizes.

The territory covered by The Sun has been divided for the purposes of this contest into three districts, as follows:

Districts.

District 1 comprises all of the city of Paducah north of Broadway, including the north side of Broadway. District 2 comprises all of the city of Paducah south of Broadway, including the south side of Broadway. District 3 comprises all of the territory served by The Sun outside the limits of the city of Paducah.

More Than \$2,000 in Prizes.

Following is a description of the magnificent list of prizes offered for the winners in this contest together with the arrangement governing their distribution.

The candidate securing the highest number of votes, regardless of district, will be given The First Grand Prize, a \$700 double building lot in Gregory Heights, Paducah's prettiest suburb.

The candidate securing the second highest number of votes, regardless of district, will be given The Second Grand Prize, a \$400.00 two-carat, blue-white diamond, on display at Jo Wolf's jewelry store, 327 Broadway.

After the judges of the finish of the contest have awarded the Grand Prizes, the names of the two winners will be stricken from the list of contestants and the nine district prizes will be awarded as follows:

The three persons who lead their respective districts will be awarded a \$300 piano, on display at W. T. Miller & Bros., 520 Broadway, a \$150 suit of furniture, displayed at Garner Bros., 247-213 South Third, a \$100 buggy and harness, displayed at Powell-Rogers, 129-131 North Third. The above three prizes will be given to the three district leaders in the order of the number of votes credited to them.

The three persons who receive the second highest number of votes in their respective districts will be awarded the following prizes in their order of rank—a \$65 watch on display at Pollock's, 323 Broadway, a \$50 lady's or man's watch at Nagel and Meyer's, corner Third and Broadway, a \$50 Miller range, displayed at Hank Bros., 212 Broadway.

The right is reserved to alter these rules should necessity demand.

Contestants may secure subscriptions anywhere they wish. For instance a candidate in District 3 is entitled to turn in subscriptions from District 2 or District 1, and vice versa.

New subscribers are those who were not in the Sun May 23, the date of the start of the contest. Transfer from one member of a family to another or to someone else living in the same house will not be counted as a new subscription.

The three persons receiving the third highest number of votes in their respective districts will be awarded the following prizes, a \$37.50 refrigerator, displayed at Hennberger's, 422 Broadway, a \$25 chair or other furniture from Rhodes-Burford's, 112-116 North Fourth, a \$25 lady's or man's watch on display at J. L. Wanner's, 311 Broadway.

Three additional prizes for the three districts are added and two scholarships in the International Correspondence Schools and one scholarship in the Paducah Central Business College, offering the choice of nine courses. These prizes will be awarded in the three different districts so that candidates receiving the second highest number of votes in their respective districts may choose one of these scholarships instead of the merchandise prize. Should the second highest candidates not desire one of these scholarships, the third highest candidates may choose them. If these two classes do not wish the scholarships they will be awarded to the fourth highest candidates in the three districts.

In addition the management of The Sun will spend \$100 in special prizes to be distributed to busy candidates during the progress of the contest, making a grand total of more than \$2,000 in prizes, to be distributed gratis.

Table of Values.

Besides the coupons which are printed daily in The Sun and which are good for the number of votes printed on them if voted before the time limit stated, contestants may secure subscription votes according to the following schedule:

For Payment in Advance By Old Subscribers.			
Time	By Carrier	By Mail	Votes
1 year	\$4.50	\$2.00	2,250
6 months	3.00	2.00	1,500
3 months	1.50	1.00	750
2 years	9.00	6.00	6,000

For Advance Payment by New Subscribers.

Time	By Carrier	By Mail	Votes
1 year	\$4.50	\$3.00	4,500
6 months	3.00	2.00	2,400
3 months	1.50	1.00	1,000
2 years	9.00	6.00	12,000

Subscription payments of less than \$1.00 by mail and \$1.50 by carrier, will not be accepted as counting for votes.

No employee of The Sun or member of an employee's family will be allowed to enter this contest.

The Sun is the final arbiter in all questions that may arise in connection with the contest. Candidates by entering agree to these published conditions.

Voting Limit.

Until June 13 no candidate will be allowed to cast more than 10,300 certified votes in any one day.

Address all communications to The Sun, Contest Department.

Kennedy's Laxative Cough Syrup is the one that children like so well to take as it tastes nearly as good as maple sugar. It acts gently yet freely on the bowels and thereby it drives the cold out of the system. It is sold by all druggists.

E. H. PURYEAR

MAY GET IN RACE FOR COMMONWEALTH'S ATTORNEY.

Visits Marshall County and Receives Assurances of Support—J. S. Ross May Run.

Judge Edward Puryear has been feeling the political pulse in Henton yesterday and today in anticipation of announcing for commonwealth's attorney. He found a satisfactory response from the Marshall county voters, who were gathered in large numbers in Henton yesterday to attend the night rider trials. Mr. J. S. Ross also is mentioned for this race against J. G. Lovett.

Kodol is the best known preparation that is offered to the people today for dyspepsia or indigestion or any stomach trouble. Kodol digests all foods. It is pleasant to take. It is sold here by all druggists.

BASEBALL NEWS

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

Clubs.	W.	L.	Pct.
Chicago	30	20	.600
Cleveland	29	22	.569
St. Louis	29	23	.558
Detroit	26	24	.520
Philadelphia	24	26	.480
New York	23	26	.468
Boston	24	30	.444
Washington	18	39	.360

AMERICAN ASSOCIATION.

Score.	R	H	E
Columbus	1	9	0
Minneapolis	0	5	6

Batteries—Rogers and James Wilson and Block.

Score.

Score.	R	H	E
St. Paul	7	14	4
Toledo	2	7	2

Batteries—Gehring and Meyers; Asher and Wakefield.

Score.

Score.	R	H	E
Indianapolis	3	9	2
Kansas City	2	9	2

Batteries—Slagle and Livingston; Egan and Sullivan.

DeWitt's Kidney and Bladder Pills are prompt and thorough and will in a very short time strengthen the weakened kidneys. Sold by all druggists.

Don't You Need a Good Bath?

Brush, Sponge, Soap, Rag

Or some of our high class toilet luxuries for a delightful bath, such as Parma Wood Violet Sea Salt, Sack Sea Salt, Violet Toilet Ammonia, Talcum Powder, Toilet Water, etc.

Telephone Us No. 756

S. H. WINSTEAD DRUGGIST

Both Phones. 7th and Broadway

RIVER NEWS

River Stages.

Calto	25.1	0.2	fall
Chattanooga	5.3	0.0	st'd
Cincinnati	10.6	1.4	fall
Evansville	10.4	1.0	fall
Florence	2.8	0.0	st'd
Johnsonville	5.0	0.4	fall
Louisville	4.6	0.3	fall
Mt. Carmel	4.5	0.2	fall
Nashville	8.9	0.2	fall
Pittsburg	6.1	0.1	fall
St. Louis	33.2	0.8	rise
Mt. Vernon	11.4	1.3	fall
Paducah	20.7	0.3	fall

River gauge this morning at 7 o'clock 20.7, a fall of 0.3 since yesterday morning.

The Dick Fowler got away on time this morning for Calto with a big trip of freight and passengers. She will return tonight at 7:30 o'clock.

The John S. Hopkins arrived from Evansville this morning on time with a fair trip of freight and passengers. She returned to Evansville at noon today.

The Joe Fowler will be the Evansville packet tomorrow morning.

The Royal made her regular trip from Golconda to Paducah and return today with a good trip of freight and passengers each way.

The George Cowling made two trips from Metropolis here today, doing a good business on each trip.

The Peters Lee had a big trip of freight when she passed down last night. She arrived at 10 o'clock and got away at 1 o'clock.

The Clyde had a fair trip of lumber and tobacco when she arrived from the Tennessee yesterday. She went on to Brookport to unload and returned last night and is taking on freight preparing to leave for the Tennessee tomorrow night at 6 o'clock.

The H. W. Hittorf will be due from Clarksville tonight and will leave tomorrow noon for Nashville.

The Hardison arrived from the Tennessee yesterday afternoon and went on to Joppa with a tow of ties. She returned from Joppa this morning with a tow of empty barges and went up the Tennessee after another tow of ties.

The Cutaway made a 90 mile trip yesterday with five passengers in search of a thief who had stolen a skirt.

When you need something to take take it promptly for the stomach, but take something you know is reliable—something like Kodol. For Dyspepsia and Indigestion. Kodol is pleasant to take; it is reliable and is guaranteed to give relief. It is sold by all druggists.

TENTH STREET

ORDERED IMPROVED BY CITY COUNCIL.

Question of Who is to Pay for the Improvement to be Settled in Courts.

Two ordinances repealing ordinances providing for the improvement of Tenth street with improved material and for granite sidewalk with combined curb and gutter was voted down by the council last night by 11 nays on each ordinance. Councilman Cornelson was absent. The question of repairing Tenth street was talked over thoroughly and finally Member Lackey put the motion that the board of public works be instructed to procure bids for the improvement of Tenth street with granite sidewalks with combined curb and gutter and improved material for the street between Broadway and Kentucky avenue.

The Paducah Home Telephone company asked that a franchise be put on sale like the one to be put on sale for the East Tennessee Telephone company. The communication was received and filed.

The ordinance prohibiting the use of cisterns and wells for drinking purposes was defeated on its second passage by the vote of 7 nays and 4 yeas.

The contract for the paving of Broadway and Jefferson streets between Ninth and Eleventh streets was let to the Southern Bitulith company for \$25,210 by a vote of 6 to 5. Bowers, Duvall, Foreman, Ford, Lackey and Young yeo, Lindsey, Kreutzer, Mayer, Van Meter and Wilson nay.

Saloon license were granted to N. J. Jones for 109 North Fourth street and Robert Smith for 125 Broadway. An ordinance providing for the fine and jail sentence for those found guilty of disorderly conduct was given first and second passage. The ordinance provides for a fine of from 1 cent to \$100 and a jail sentence of from five to fifty days, or both.

Wallerstein Says:

The values offered in the great Quartette Sale must be pretty strong ones else so many men would not have taken advantage of them in such a short time. They've bought; that's the best test of a man's appreciation. Here are the prices. You will

have to see the garments to appreciate their significance.

\$6.75 This price includes all broken lots of Two and Three-piece Suits, which sold as high as **\$12.50**

\$9.75 This price includes all broken lots of Two and Three-piece Suits, which sold as high as **\$18.00**

\$13.75 This price includes all broken lots of Two and Three-piece Suits, which sold as high as **\$25.00**

\$18.75 This price includes all broken lots of Two and Three-piece Suits, which sold as high as **\$35.00**

See Our Elaborate Window Display.



An ordinance amending an ordinance providing for the license of the different businesses carried on in the city and for the fines for violation of this ordinance was given first passage.

The ordinance creating the hospital board was given first and second passage. It provides for the election of the board and who is eligible to become a member and the duties and terms of office.

An ordinance creating livestock, milk and meat inspector, his duties term of office and election was given first and second passage.

The ordinance committee was instructed to bring in an ordinance to have the sidewalks between Kentucky avenue, Jefferson, Second and Fifth streets that are not cement be put in.

The bad condition of the alley between Jones, Tennessee, Eleventh and Twelfth streets was reported and the matter was referred to the ordinance committee to bring in an ordinance to have the alley repaired.

The board of public improvements was given power to let to have the roof on the city hall repaired.

L. P. Harris was granted a deed to lot 29, block 13, in Oak Grove cemetery.

A communication from some of the residents of Farley Place asked that the improvement of Farley Place be deferred until next year. This communication was concurred in from the aldermen and was ordered attached to the ordinance.

Another petition from other property owners on Farley Place with more feet fronting on the street asked that the work of improving Farley Place be done immediately. The communication was received and filed.

The communication from the aldermen asking that street improving be cut down as there is a lack of money

in the treasury to carry on the work, was concurred in.

Accounts were allowed for the amount of \$7,882.12.

The mayor was authorized to release the property bought of the city by W. C. O'Brien.

Mr. S. A. Fowler, secretary of the Commercial club, asked for \$250 to help defray the expense of the annual meeting of the K. T. M. traveling men's association, which will meet here July 9-10-11. The matter was referred to the mayor and the finance committee.

The councilmen present at last night's meeting were: Lindsey, Howers, Duvall, Foreman, Ford, Kreutzer, Lackey, Mayer, Van Meter, Wilson and Young. Cornelson was the only member absent.

DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve. It is especially good for piles. Be sure to get DeWitt's. Sold by all druggists.

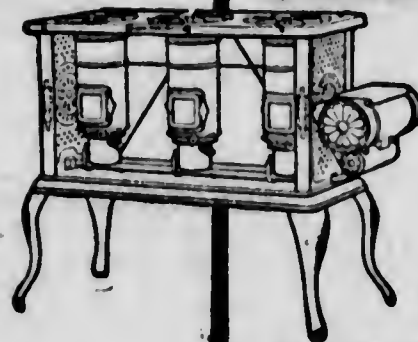
Disone Girl Held.

Fronta Phelps, a white woman, who was arrested by Detective Will Baker Sunday night near the wharf, because of her strange actions is being held to ascertain her sanity. She says she has been picking berries near Joppa and it is supposed that the heat affected her mind, as she is incoherent in her utterances. Her home is in Detroit, Mich., she says, at 2435 Everett street and the police have sent to that address to find some relatives who can care for her. When found by the detective she was found elated.

For cuts, sprains, bruises, burns, rheumatic and other pains, use Melroe's Volcanic Oil Liniment. First sold in 1867, still the same, always ready in 10c, 25c, 50c and \$1.00.

About the only difference between a 5-cent and 10-cent cigar is a nickel.

Have You a Summer Stove?



The stifling air of a close kitchen is changed to comfortable coolness by installing a New Perfection Wick Blue Flame Oil Cook-Stove to do the family cooking.

No kitchen furnishing